Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

NEW YORK has 30,000 well fed, well-dressed, high heeled servant girls, and six times as many hollow-cheeked, down cast, heart broken housekeepers. It is an icicle pen that can comment on this situation.

THE Washington correspondent of the Boston *Herald* says that the Democrats have determined to put forth a great effort to obtain every doubtful State next fall, and that they have marked out Maine and Massachusetts as theirs certainly.

GUITEAU'S counsel, Mr. Scoville, proposes to bring out a book upon the secret history of the trial, a title which the Chicago *Times* regards as designedly misleading, since there were no secrets to a trial which was perfectly open and public.

THE Rev. Thaddeus Salters, the first colored man ever admitted to the ministry of the Protestant Episcopal Church in South Carolina, was on Sunday ordained priest in an Episcopal Church, in that State, by Bishop Howe.

IN the organization of the state committees of the Prohibition party the ladies were made prominent, twelve being placed on the State Central Committee. The *Tribune* says: The convention on the whole was the most earnest and most thoroughly committed to active work for party organization ever assembled in the State and left nothing on which to leave a doubt in the minds of any as to their future.

ONE of the theories as to the motive for the suicide of the young boy Warner is that he took some money from his employer, spent it at the walking-match, and then, being afraid to go home, took his own life. The facts only need to be stated; the moral is obvious. To have some of the evils of this last disgusting exhibition thus emphasized, even before the show was ended, was hardly anticipated.

THE house in which the poet Longfellow was born was known fifty years ago as the "Willie Cambell house," having been built by William Cambell, a Scotchman, previous to 1804. In that year he sold it to Captain Samuel Stephenson, who had married a sister of the poet's father. Captain Stephenson failed soon after, and went to live in a house belonging to Judge Longfellow, at Gorham. The poet was born in the Cambell house during a brief stay of his parents with his father's sister.

A QUEER lawsuit is in store for the Parisians. Some two years ago Sarah Bernhardt took it into her head to be photographed, reclining at full length in her ebony coffin, padded with white satin. The photographer, Melandri, undertook to satisfy the lady's caprice, and obtained some excellent proofs, Sarah having simulated to perfection the stillness of death. Thereupon Dona Sol said to Melandri: "I will make a bargain with you. Swear to me that you will not sell any of these photographs until after my death." "After your death?" "O, it will happen sooner than you expect. I promise you to die within a year from now. I am not joking. I had a presentiment, and my presentiments never deceive me. Furthermore, at the end of the year, if I am still in the world, I authorize you to sell as many of the photographs as you please." Melandri consented to this strange contract, and executed faithfully his part of the bargain; but Mlle. Bernhardt having neglected to keep her promise, Melandri has referred his case to the Tribunal of Comerce of Paris.

The Sprague Divorce.

Twenty years ago William Sprague was one of the most conspicuous and respected men of the nation. He was young; immensely rich; had won the Governorship of his Republican State, as the Democratic candidate, against the sweeping Republican tide of 1860; pronounced for the government against armed treason with emphasis and led the troops of his State to the field; was re-elected Governor without a serious contest in 1861; was transferred to the United States Senate amidst the applaudits of the loyal North, and the future seemed to possess boundless political possibilities for the fragile looking little millionaire, soldier and statesman of Rhode Island.

The first Republican national administration had for one of its chief Cabinet Ministers Salmon P. Chase, of Ohio. He was a man of established national fame; had served a term in the Senate as one of the pioneer anti-Slavery statesmen; had been twice elected Governor of his State; had been re elected to the Senate, and resigned his full Senatorial term to become Secretary of the Treasury when that department demanded the highest and broadest statesmanship. In addition to his distinction as a statesman, his individual purity of character shed the richest lustre upon the government of which he was one of the central figures.

With Mr. Chase came his daughter to preside at the home of the eminent Finance Minister. She was just blooming into womanhood, and in mind and form completed the circle of the graces. She was beautiful, elegant, intellectual, skillful and ambitious. She had not escaped the malignity of scandal that magnifies indiscretions into crimes, but she was accepted as the reigning Queen of Washington's beautiful and attractive women. The young New England Senator and the young beauty of the West met when both were in the zenith of their supremacy. What affection lacked to mate them ambition and the general fitness of their union supplied, and their wedding is recalled as one of the memorable events in the social history of the National Capital.

Less than half a score of years after William Sprague and Kate Chase had commanded the homage of all and the envy of many, they had a divided household; scandal with its thousand tongues was busy with the lives of both; dissipation had stamped its baleful impress upon the husband until reason tottered on its throne, and social dissipation had paled the cheek and dimmed the lustre of the eye of the Queen of Washington society. Riches took wings and fled amidst the shadows which darkened the once brilliant home, and the end was multiplied scandals and crimination and recrimination in legal proceedings for divorce. The final consummation was reached in the Providence court on Monday, when Judge Durfee called the case of "Kate Chase Sprague vs. William Sprague," and proposed to proceed to trial. Then it was that both sides recoiled from their own lives, and it was amicably agreed that the divorce should be declared for desertion; that the daughters should remain with the mother and the son with the father, and that the question of alimony should be a subject for future consideration.

Wealth, ambition, culture and promise never gave better assurance of happiness, usefulness and honor than in the union of William Sprague and Kate Chase; and in all the many social wrecks which have startled the present generation, none has been more hopeless.—*Philadelphia Times.*

THE latest prayer cure is reported from Steubenville, Ohio, and again there are people who don't believe it. These are they who never give the cure a chance.

General Beaver.

There seems to be little doubt now that our townsman, Gen. James A. Beaver, will receive the Republican nomination for Governor. The McKeesport *Times* endorses this view in the following words:

"Already State politics are beginning to leave the secret, embryotic State, and the small leaflets are so far advanced that it is very evident as to the name of this tender plant which it to grow into such gigantic proportions before the close of the coming campaign. It is against the principles of the *Times* to heap calumny and slander upon the head of anyone, so those who expect us to vilify our sheet by mud slinging expressions will be just'y disappointed. It is a matter of interest to the people that they be represented, in the chief office within their power to grant, by a deserving gentleman of education, refinement and true intrinsic worth. We have in view a man whom we can conscientiously recommend to our readers as such a person--a soldier, an orator and a statesman. As a soldier he served his country nobly and lost a leg as a sacrifice to the principle that "all men were created free and equal." We have listened with great interest to the eloquence of his oratory, and we have heard the well rounded periods, pure and elevating, as they came from his lips, and his advice to "young men starting out in life" is drawn from an experience and a close observation, which is seldom equaled. We *know* him to be a God loving man, a lover of truth and honesty, and a gentleman whose charity for others is an undisputed fact. A modern King Arthur, "who reverenced his conscience as his king." What more can be said of a man, unless it be that he deserves this distinction? A representative man and one who will give us standing is the person whom we are holding to the people's choice. Such is our future Governor, Gen. Beaver, a man whose public and private life is above reproach, and in whose character can be found traits worthy of the admiration of every man without respect to clique or party "Never was noble man, but made ignoble talk," and now the General will hear vile calumny from those who allow politics to get the best of their regard for truth and fairness. It is our belief that our man is "the coming man."

Dying to Avoid a Scene.

Domestically almost every man hates a row and will submit to all kinds of enormities before doing anything to provoke "a scene." But not every man is willing to be shot and turn his face quietly to the pillow and die as young Lawyer Wall is doing over in Brooklyn, rather than to take the emotional partner of his joys and sorrows in hand for a good vigorous course of domestic discipline. Mrs. Wall set out from their suburban home on Sunday morning to catch the train for New York, but having missed it she turned back and proceeded to relieve her mind by abusing her husband. He avoided the issue by leaving the house, but she followed him, and thinking that a row at home was far preferable to a row on the street he went back with her, and was hardly seated when she drew a pistol and shot him. She then held her finger on the wound until several neighbors arrived and were informed by the husband, at her frantic appeal, that the shooting was accidental, whereupon she swallowed some poison and was unceremoniously dragged out by an unsympathizing bystander.

Then the dying husband rallied and with the wild light of unwonted freedom in his filmy eye he related how his wife had deliberately shot him; how she had frequently beaten him during the married life which his patient forbearance and tenderness had led strangers to suppose was unusually felicitous, and how deeply, and now unavailingly, he regretted that he had not thrashed her well the first time she struck him. Respect for her sex and the pride which shuddered at an exposure of the household skeleton to friends who had opposed the marriage kept him from doing the one act of kindness and severity which would have brought his emotional wife to her sober senses and removed the necessity of dying to avoid a scene.

Of course Mrs. Wall's quaffing of cold poison and carefully arranged stage fall were but part of her emotional programme. She recovered rather sooner than was expected and just in time to be arrested on the strength of her husband's ante mortem statement, and she will be tried for murder without delay. —*New York Times.*

MR. W. H. SMITH, a maker of matches at Wilmington, made an argument before the Ways and Means Committee on Wednesday against the abolition of the internal revenue on matches. The removal of the tax, he said, would destroy his business. We presume that Mr. Smith did not state the whole case. The law requires that a stamp shall be affixed to every box of matches that is offered for sale, whether it be of domestic or foreign manufacture. Domestic makers put stamps upon theirs before they put them up in large packages; but the foreign makers cannot do this. Accordingly, the stamps have to be affixed by the dealers who retail the merchandise. This is an amount of trouble which small dealers are not willing to take, because the margin of profit is not sufficient to pay for it. Thus the sale of foreign matches is in effect prohibited by the internal tax law; and this law accordingly operates as a measure of protection. This is doubtless the reason why Mr. Smith does not wish to have the tax repealed. This is a funny world, and one of the funniest things is to see revenue reformers, like the free traders of Kentucky, contending for the maintenance of internal revenue taxes because they operate as measures of protection against the introduction of cheaper foreign commodities.

THE death of Judge Lathrop, the receiver of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, will be widely lamented. It not only removes a man who was highly esteemed by personal friends, but one who has been a conspicuous figure in New Jersey affairs even outside of [illegible] business.

BY his heroic [illegible] North seas, Daniel Dewer gains the loss of an eye; and this could have been as easily and surely accomplished without going so far from home and risking the loss of more. But we never learn anything about Arctic exploration.

COLONEL SNOWDEN knocks the Mint removal scheme on the head. Congress will not dare send the Mint to New York, or elsewhere, after that showing. New York didn't expect the prize. She merely got up a little scare to baffle "conservative" Philadelphia.

THE wife of Justice Matthews, Mrs. Windom, Mrs. Charles Nordhoff and the daughter of Chief Justice Waite constitute an auxiliary board of managers of the National Homœopathic Hospital, which is soon to be established in Washington.

A FIRM of masons at Newburyport, Massachusetts, employed a hod-carrier, whose novel method of keeping account of his time was brought about by a droll circumstance. He went one evening to his employer's home with the sad intelligence that he had lost his account book. He said the pigs had got in and eaten it up. 'What sort of an account did you keep?" asked the employer. "I had a nail keg, and when I worked a whole day I put in a potato, and when half day a half potato, and the pigs ate 'em intirely." "Very well," said the gentleman, "I have kept your time." Having looked it over, he told the man that he had overdrawn his account by about one dollar. "All right," said he, "it's a small amount and you are welcome to it!"

GERMAN spelling reform comes to fill a want long felt. The idea of spelling anything eineschweinkerinzverdingelbuchtelblut in a civilized country, if not a relic of mediævalism, is at least the waste of two or three letters which might be made to spell another word.

A Sad Scene.

One of the saddest scenes that has ever occurred in the Dauphin county prison was that when the wife and three little children of Frank Rumberger, the condemned murderer, visited him. Mrs. Rumberger and the children, accompanied by her step-father, arrived here at one o'clock to-day and went direct to the prison, where they were shown in to the parlor by Mr. Duey, and made comfortable by Mrs. Duey, the kind hearted matron. About two o'clock the children were led to the cell of their father, Frank being apprised of their arrival, the mother remaining in the parlor. As the three wee little ones, bright, healthy looking, handsome children, stood in front of the cell the best nature of the man asserted itself, and reaching toward them he caught them in his arms and clasped them to his heart, sobbing as if his heart would break. Those who were present were melted to tears, and turned away that they might not witness the sorrow of the father. For some time did he remain with his head bowed over them, his grief being uncontrollable. At length, releasing them, he kissed the little ones affectionately and talked to them, listening with a father's delight to their prattle, and regarding them fondly. As they left the cell he gave them each a piece of money that he had saved and bade them good bye. When they had gone Frank threw himself on his bed and gave way to his anguish, crying passionately. To those who offered words of comfort he said: "Oh, I tried to bear up and be a man, but the sight of my little children has almost broken my heart. To think that their father must die on the gallows. God knows I did not intend to kill that man. Oh, why did those men convict me!" And breaking down again, the poor fellow sobbed and wailed his grief.

Shortly afterwards his wife, carrying the youngest child in her arms, and followed by the other two little ones (they are all boys), was led down the corridor to his cell. She had previously said that she did not wish to enter the cell, and a chair was taken to the door that she might sit down. As the heavy door swung back the prisoner saw for the first time the wife from whom he had been separated since November, 1880, and a wail of anguish went up from both that was enough to melt the hardest heart. Through the little square opening in the cell door he kissed her, and holding her hand they looked at each other and wept and sobbed. "Oh, Frank, I never thought it would come to this!" said his wife; "why did you not follow my good advice?" The husband did not answer, but cried bitterly. Taking a seat by the door the wife held a long conversation with him in the presence of the underkeeper.

Mrs. Rumberger and two of the children will remain with Warden Duey all night, the step-father taking the other child home this afternoon.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

IT has no doubt been a mystery to many readers how the iron balls inside of sleighbells got there, and it is said to have taken considerable thought on the part of the discoverer before the idea struck him. In making sleigh-bells the iron ball is put inside a sand core just the shape of the inside of the bell. Then a mold is made just the shape of the outside of the bell. This sand core, with the jinglet inside, is placed in the mould on the outside, and the melted metals is poured in, which fills up the space between the core and the mould. The hot metal burns the core, so that it can all be shaken out, leaving the ball within the shell. Ball valves, swivel joints, and many other articles are cast in the same manner.—*Scientific American.*

PROF. HAECKEL, the eminent scholar, who, like Humboldt, prefers to study nature in her own wilds, was at last accounts in a small village on the south coast of the island of Ceylon—the only white man there. The village, which bears the melodious name of Beligamma, lies on the shore of a fine bay, and is surrounded by dense forests of cocoanut and breadfruit trees, filled in with other luxuriant tropical vegetation. The Professor received an enthusiastic welcome from the Governor of the island, and has been afforded every aid in the pursuit of his zoological investigation.

Ten Dollars for a Kiss.

The Waverly *Free Press*: "A novel suit was tried before Esquire Grafft on Thursday. Mike Welch was prosecuted by Miss Susie Conrad and Susie Anderson on a charge of assault. The evidence showed that Welch had been a frequent caller evenings, and had taken the liberty of kissing Susie in the presence of her parents without remonstrance on the part of either of them. On Monday evening last Welch was there, and as Susie went to pass him he grasped hold of her and was going to impress a kiss upon her lips, when she resisted. They scuffled about the room for some minutes, and as Mike was about to succeed in his endeavor, she called to her step-father to assist her. He came to her relief, and that appeared to be the end of the matter. Welch staid about half an hour after, and then left. He was there the next evening, but all went off pleasantly. Thursday morning the step-father came and made complaint. Esquire Grafft found the defendant guilty of assault and sentenced him to pay a fine of $10 or go to jail for thirty days. The fine was paid."

Sunk on the Falls of the Ohio.

LOUISVILLE, March 5.—The sinking of the Cincinnati and Memphis packet, James D. Parker, on the falls of the Ohio to-day, within fifty feet of the big bridge, was attended by thrilling incidents. The boat struck a rock while descending Indiana Chute and sunk in two minutes, proving a total loss. The scenes on board the boat were of an exciting character. The crew and passengers, numbering 120, rushed to the hurricane roof, their only place of safety, and were all rescued by the heroes of the falls, connected with the life-saving station. One woman jumped from the boat and floated on a barrel over the falls. She was rescued at Portland four miles below. Many acts of heroism are related. The officers of the boat stood to their posts like men. The boat would have gone to pieces but for the fact that 600 kegs of nails were among the freight, which held her down. The current on the falls was running at the rate of thirty miles an hour, and it is wonderful that no lives were lost. This is the third accident on the falls to the Parker within the last two years. She was owned by the Memphis and Ohio River Packet Company of Cincinnati. The boat and cargo will prove a loss of $60,000, mostly covered by insurance.

TSO-AN, the late lamented Empress Regent of China, underwent a curious experience in the pleasure garden of the palace at Pekin a short time before her death. Several huge effigies of lions adorn different parts of the private grounds. Two of these mimic lions, cast in pure gold, stood on either side of a shady path, her Majesty's favoite resort. As she was strolling up and down this walk one fine morning last March, attended by her ladies of honor, one of the golden lions suddenly sprung into the air from its pedestal, and, with a tremendous roar like the report of a cannon, fell nearly at her feet, shattered to pieces. Tso-An swooned away on the spot, and was carried into the palace, where she speedily came to herself, and was found to have sustained no damage beyond a severe shock to her nerves. It was subsequently discovered that the hollow body of the lion had been filled with gunpowder, and fired by means of a wire connected with an electric battery fitted up in the private sitting room of a subordinate palace official. This person's arrest, and the depositions subsequently obtained from him by certain ingenious methods of persuasion usually brought to bear upon criminals by the Chinese executive, led to the discovery of an elaborate court conspiracy against the life of the Empress Regent. The conspiracy did not long survive their accomplice's revelations.

Poetry.

IMPRESSIONS.

OSCAR WILDE.

LE JARDINE.

The lily's withered chalice falls
Around its sod of dusty gold,
And from the beech trees on the wold
The last wood pigeon coos and calls.

The gaudy leonine sunflower
Hangs black and barren on its stalk,
And down the windy garden walk
The dead leaves scatter hour by hour

Pale privet-petals, white as milk,
Are blown into a snowy mass;
The roses lie upon the grass,
Like little shreds of crimson silk.

LA MER.

A white mist drifts across the shrouds,
A wild moon in the wintry sky
Gleams like an angry lion's eye
Out of a mane of tawny clouds.

The muffled steersman at the wheel
Is but a shadow in the gloom;
And in the throbbing engine room
Leap the long rods of polished steel.

The shattered storm has left its trace
Upon this huge and heavy dome,
For the thin threads of yellow foam
Float on the waves like ravelled lace.

Our Story Teller.

Amusing Story of a Teacher.

At the age of sixteen, before we had our "roundabouts," we contracted to "keep school" in district No. 5, for twelve dollars per month and "boarding round." We knew very well the little red schoolhouse, standing at the exact center of the district, on the borders of a mighty swamp, the farmhouses scattered about the hills, and we also knew the nuisance of that particular school, a squad of half a dozen rough fellows who had emerged into "tail coats," and who would hardly relish the discipline of a boy pedagogue in a roundabout.

After the first flush of elation at our election, the reflection came back, like a return wave of ice water, that, in all human probability, ere our seventeenth birthday should dawn, we should be seen vanishing, head foremost, out of the schoolhouse window into a big snow drift, propelled by class No. 1 of big boys

In our anxiety we applied to Aunt Anna, the general oracle of the household. Aunt Anna was a stalwart maiden of sixty summers, gigantic in proportions, but every inch a lady in her dear old heart. She had nursed half the children in town through the measels, mumps and chicken pox and was the main stay in all family emergencies. There were sly rumors that the occasional attack of "fidgets," which overcame the good old lady at night had some relation to a mysterious black bottle which she always carried in her work-bag; but Aunt Anna, plus the fidgets, was worth a regiment of ordinary feminines for the home-made uses of country life.

"Well, now, you are really going to keep school in district No 5," said Aunt Anna, smoothing down her big checked apron, and raising her spectacles for a good long look at the incipient pedagogue seated at the opposite corner of the fire place.

"Yes, Aunt Anna, I have promised to keep that school, but, between you and me, I am dreadfully afraid to tackle that crowd of boys. You know what a rough set they are, and one of them has already given out that there will be no board wanted in district No. 5 after the first week."

"That's a serious matter. Now let's see if we can't think of something to help you. Now you see that I don't know anything about book larnin'. No doubt you can cipher that back seat of boys into the middle of next week. But they can fling you over the roof of the schoolhouse in a jiffy, if they have a mind to. I know every family in the district. I've cussed in every house and taken the measure of every youngster that will come to that school. There's one thing in your favor. There'll be ten great gals in that school, and most of 'em are good girls, too. Now some are a head taller than you, and two or three of 'em are right handsome too. They can twist that crowd of great bashful boys around their little finger if they want to. Now mind what I tell you; do you go right to work and gain the affections of those ten great gals, and they'll manage the boys while you keep the school."

That sounded well; and, armed with this panacea against rebellion, we opened school the Monday after Thanksgiving. It was a rough-looking lug set up on the high seas—that row of villainous looking fellows, any of them big enough to throw me over into the big swamp with one hand.

Happily our first boarding place was the home of two of the "great gals." Never did we "lay ourselves out" to gain the good graces of the lovely sex as during that first week of boarding round. We rode on the front of the sled with the tallest girl; we played checkers with the second; got all scarred up in a "cat's cradle" with the pretty visiting cousins; and put in a word of explanation for the hard sums of all, in the long evenings at home.

The first crisis came at the beginning of the second week, when a big lout "sauced" the new school master. Somehow, it crushed us, and for a minute the schoolroom swam round and the idea of seizing our fur cap and making for home flued across our vision. Just then the patter of a light footstep was heard down the long slope of the narrow aisle leading up to the seat of the "ten great gals." The tallest glided down ostensibly to ask the explanation of a hard sum, but, as we leaned over the slate, with a dimness in the eyes, we heard a whisper in our ears.

"Don't be cast down, we girls will shame that seat of boys into good manners before another week goes by."

A light broke in; we were gaining the affections of the "ten great gals."

So things drifted for six weeks, when dawned the judgment day. We had gone to board with a good, motherly woman, who loved us as her own son. A big fire in the parlor greeted our arrival, and a supper fit for the parson himself. After tea our hostess appeared in her black silk, in her hand a mighty oak "ruler," and sat down before us with the air of a Minerva, saying.—

"Now matters have come to a point in your school; you have been trying to govern that crowd of rascally boys by love, but that has come to an end. To morrow they'll try to put you out. Take this ruler, and don't come home to-morrow night unless you have used it up over the head and shoulders of somebody."

There was no appeal from that. A greater than the whole class of "great gals" had spoken, and we felt in our souls that fate was standing at the school-house door.

Were we endowed with the epic rage of a Homer or a Pope, we might possibly depict the scenes of the following day. How the ugliest loafer, in a frock coat, kicked in the door at recess; how, when the trembling young master asked "Who did that?" the big boor lifted his thumb to his nose, and executed that significant gyration with the little finger which would make a savage of St. John himself; how, fired with the courage of despair, and a vision of our farmhouse Minerva, we seized the big oak ruler, rushed up the inclined plane, upsetting several small children on the way, plunged at the throat of the insolent scoundrel, tore off the collar of his frock-coat, snaked him down the area before the fire place, and beat him over the head and shoulders till he roared for mercy; how, at intervals, he cast a glance up at his accomplices, and took in the situation—the "ten great gals" had spiked the guns of all but this wretch, who slunk and begged under our hands; how we wound up with an eloquent address, and gave the whipped ruffian his hat, with instructions to go home; how his sensible father took off what remained of his dilapidated frock coat, and trounced him till he yelled again, and sent him to school the following day with a compliment to the plucky young master—all this might be sung in heroic verse.

But, if the truth were known, it was not we, but the "ten great gals," that did the business. They had so demoralized the attacking columns by the magic of their charms, that only one had the heart to defy the little master, and he dared not lift his hand when the day of battle came. And from that day we crowned dear old Aunt Anna prophetess of love.

Gain the affections of the "ten great gals" in your schoolroom, and "all things shall work together for good."

Miscellaneous.

It is a fortunate thing for Shakespere that he established a solid reputation before the newspaper critics of America had a chance to cut him up.

The census shows something like twenty per centum more females than males in the country's population. Well, we can't have too much of a good thing.

That gigantic floating palace, the Livadia, made, in passing from Cork to Gibralter, upward of seventeen miles an hour, while there was a total absence of any disagreeable motion, her 'pitch' being out one degree. This may lead to a great change in ship building.

The circus having failed to put in an appearance it is estimated that the male juvenile population of Norristown were left with the sum of $100 on hand, the proceeds of the sale of old iron and brass preserving kettles. About half this sum was invested in taffy to drown their disappointment.

WENDELL PHILLIPS'S voice is still clear and mellow, but his figure, once so erect, is becoming bent. As time goes on his pen is forced to trace many laments over the dead he has loved. Of Robert Apthorp, that most courteous and charming of gentlemen, Mr. Phillips tells this story: 'Before the rebellion contempt for the negro was bitter throughout New-England. In the valley of the Connecticut it was peculiarly intense. Northampton deacons flung out of the windows any chance copy of 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' that found its way into their houses. Apthorp had lived there some time and was well and widely known in the three countries. While sitting, a dozen years before the rebellion, in a Connecticut River railroad car, where every seat had at least one occupant, he saw a colored woman enter and sink timidly into the seat nearest the door, whose other occupant was a white man. With an insolent and vulgar outburst, meant to draw the notice of the whole car, the fellow flung himself into another seat. While every eye was on the scene, Apthorp moved quietly forward and took his place at the woman's side. It was a delicate attention that saved her feelings—a protest and example which, from one of his position and influence, was not easily forgotten.'

How do you like the month of March?

EDUCATIONAL COLUMN.

[This department of our paper will be in charge of a competent resident editor who will render it of service to the educational interests of our county by the advocacy of principles and theories having in view the improvement of the present grade and tone of our schools the dissemination of wholesome truths and ideas, the discussion of educational topics, and to afford all friends of our schools a medium through which to exchange opinions, new methods, etc. All are requested to avail themselves of the opportunity to assist in this work and will be accorded a fair hearing. Address communications and inquiries, "Educational Editor," Bellefonte Republican, Bellefonte, Pa.]

Digestible Mental Food.

What does education often do? It makes a straight cut ditch of a free meandering brook.—*Thoreau.*

The aim of education is to show how to think rather than to load the memory with thoughts of others.—*Beattie.*

Education is a better safeguard of liberty than a standing army.—*Everett.*

Education gives power; hence it is a blessing or a curse according to how we use it.—*Lowell.*

Education begets the gentleman; but reading, good company and reflection must finish him.—*Locke*

To educate a child perfectly requires profounder thought, greater wisdom than to govern a state.—*Channing.*

Education alone can secure social peace, an orderly progressive government, and true liberty—not the false liberty which was a mere sophism for extinguishing all enlightenment.—*Gambetta.*

Anything that trains and develops the body, mind, or soul of man, is education.—*Anon.*

A complete education fits a man to perform justly, skillfully and magnanimously all the offices of peace and war.—*Milton.*

A GREAT many people in our county, among them a number of directors, are opposed to young teachers. This is wrong. The only reason they can give is, the person is young in years. We cannot have old teachers all the time, so give the young ones a chance. We can have old people in our schools, if the directors do not grant any to young persons; but that does not better it. We must commence some time, and a person will do better by commencing young, than he will if he waits until he is old. What benefit is derived from having a person, old in years, and young in the profession? Is an old person preferable to a young one, if both are beginners? Why expect more of a young teacher than of an apprentice? If a person goes to learn a trade, or business of any kind, you do not expect of him what you do of one long in the service. Why then, when a young teacher makes a mistake not talk about it in a way that would have a good influence on him? Why consider a young teacher who does make a mistake as good for nothing, give him no encouragement, not even a chance to improve. We all know what is done to them? No one encourages them, no one gives advice; they sink deeper into the mud, instead of rising out. When one goes wrong we should not pass by and say he is good for nothing. No, we should take him by the hand, and lift him out, and start him again; give him something which may be a guide to him; something which he will profit by. Young teachers have the least encouragement of any set of persons engaged in any calling. Is this right? Should the young teacher receive any encouragement? Yes, he of all others should have help and encouragement, from everybody able to give it. Is there a profession outside the ministry, in which there is as much responsibility resting upon the persons engaged in it? When the child leaves home the first time it is to go to school. Then the teacher has the care and control of it when when it gets among people outside of its own family. How many think of the weight of responsibility resting on the shoulders of the teacher. He must look after the wants, not only of their minds, but also of their bodies. At school is where the child will get his first lessons, not only in the branches of learning, but also in all the evils to which humanity is heir. He is responsible for all the child learns. All know how much easier it is to learn anything bad than that which is good; and where is the school in which there are none who use profane language. The teacher can prevent the children using this at school if he has his ears open and wishes to put a stop to it. Now in view of all these facts, why is it the teacher is not taken by the hand, by both patrons and directors, and given more encouragement? Why is it that you can teach for five months and not have one single visit from directors, and few of the patrons. I think if people's children do not learn they do not need to wonder at it. The teacher goes into the school room, with the intention of teaching the children all in his power; there he may work for five, six or seven months, and none of the parents come to see what he and their children are doing; but still expect the teacher, to take an interest in their children, and teach them. Would it be any wonder if the teacher should lose all interest, and *not care how things went?* If parents are not interested enough in their children, to go and see what they do, almost every day during the school term, is it any wonder if a teacher who has nothing to draw him to them, should neglect his duty?

I hope all who read this may think over the matter, and take more interest in the welfare of their children, and not theirs only, but the welfare of the whole school. If you should visit the school regularly you would find it made a very great difference both to the teacher, and to your children. They would see that you are interested in what they are doing. Take any branch of business and you can see for yourself. Send a man to do something for you and let him know by your actions that you do not care how it is done, and you may be sure he will not care. But go with him, and look at him, and show or tell him how you wish it done, and it will be done right. So it is with teaching.

SUN FLOWER.

[Our friend will accept our thanks for the above communication. It may be the means of effecting a needed revolution in the minds of some regarding the selection of teachers. The article is timely and to the point. Favor us again.—ED.]

A Go-As-You-Please Charge.

The following comes from Georgia and its accuracy is vouched for by the stenographer who took it down:

Judge——was noted for the way he got mixed in his charges to the jury. On one occasion a case was tried before him, the points of which may be briefly stated thus: Smith brought suit against Jones upon a promissory note given for a horse. Jones' defence was failure of consideration, he avering that at the time of the purchase the horse had the glanders, of which he died, and that Smith knew it. Smith replied that the horse did not have the glanders, but had the distemper, and that Jones knew it when he bought.

The judge charged the jury: "Gentlemen of the jury, pay attention to the charge of the Court. You have already made one mis-trial of this case because you did not pay attention to the charge of the Court, and I don't want you to do it again. I intend to make it so clear to you this time that you cannot possibly make any mistake. This suit is upon a note given for a promissory horse. I hope you understand that. Now, if you find that at the time of the sale Smith had the glanders and Jones knew it, Jones can not recover. This is clear gentlemen. I will state it again. If you find that at the time of the sale Jones had the distemper and Smith knew it, then Smith cannot possibly recover. But gentlemen, I will state it the third time so that you cannot possibly make a mistake. If at the time of the sale Smith had the glanders and Jones had the distemper and the horse knew it, then neither Smith, Jones nor the horse can recover. Let the record be given to the jury.

Why no Scotchmen go to Heaven.

Long years ago, in time so remote that history does not fix the epoch, a dreadful war was waged by the king of Scotland. Scottish valor prevailed, and the king of Scotland, elated by success, sent for his prime minister, Lord Alexander.

"Weel, Sandy," said he, "is there ne'er a king we canna conquer noo?"

"An' it please your majesty I ken o' a king that your majesty canna vanquish."

"An who is he, Sandy?"

"The King o' heaven."

"The king of whaur, Sandy?"

"The King o' heaven."

The Scottish king did not understand, but was unwilling to exhibit any ignorance.

"Just gang your ways, Sandy, and tell the King o' heaven to gie' up his dominions or I'll come mysel' and ding him oot o' them; and mind, Sandy, ye dinna come back to us until ye hae dune oor biddin'."

Lord Alexander retired much perplexed, but met a priest, and, reassured, returned and presented himself

"Weel, Sandy," said the king, "ha' ye seen the King o' heaven, and what says he to our biddin'?"

"An it pleases your majesty. I have seen one o' his accredited ministers."

"Weel, and what says he?"

"He says your majesty may e'en hae his kingdom for the axin' o' it."

"Was he sae civil?" said the king, warming at his magnanimity. "Jost gang your ways back Sandy, an' tell the King o' heaven that for his civility the de'il a Scotchman shall set foot in his kingdom."

Samuel H. Owens, Past Grand Master of the Masonic Grand Lodge of Missouri, the present Grand High Priest of the Grand Chapter of the Royal Arch Masons, and Grand Treasurer of the Ancient Order of United Workmen of Missouri, died at the Laclede Hotel in St. Louis on Wednesday night.

A JEWISH refugee at Liverpool from Kiel, recently saw a number of Jewish maidens stripped naked and flogged through the town, The police refused to interfere. A soldier from Eikolaief says his regiment was not allowed to supress the riots against the Jews. Many women with infants suffered acutely. The refugees believe the Czar is unaware of their suffering and not responsible for the atrocities.

Leonard Rhone on the State College.

CENTRE HALL, Feb. 20, 1882.

MR EDITOR:—In the issue of your paper of Feb. 15, appears an article on the State College and a criticism on the Master of the State Grange in reference to the same by "Farmer." It occurs to me that I have heard from this same farmer before, as the language seems very familiar. Yes I have read the articles in the Philadelphia *Weekly Press* on agricultural education and a great many more. They would nearly all, like yourself, put the farmer in a kind of secondary position—to use your language "that farmers are not the best judges as to what agricultural colleges should be."

As for Tom Scott's State pride, it was easy to be liberal with the millions wrenched from the industry of the country, by venal legislation, secured by the demoralizing influence of *free passes* to the egislators of our country. The sooner it is made a criminal offence for railroad companies to issue free passes to legislators and judges of the courts the better for the security of the people.

You say, you "cannot see why that Patron of Husbandry should lower his calling so much by misrepresenting a large and intelligent body of agriculturists who believe that their sons and daughters need a systematic education as well as doctors and lawyers."

There is where the trouble comes in, and this is what farmers are complaining of; that our State College is not doing for those preparing for farming, what the medical or law universities are doing for those preparing for their professions. (Classics excepted.)

Take the Philadelphia Medical University, it is equipped with all that science can conceive of and genius invent. The young physician has subjects living and subjects dead to learn from. He is taught the skilled use of the knife to even separating the fell monster death from the living. These colleges attempt out one course of instruction, and they find that they have all they can do in a short life time. To these schools one class of students are admitted, those desiring to study medicine.

But we would suppose from the way our State College is managed, that it is its duty to override all other institutions in the state; that it is to be a monstrosity or a beast with many heads—classics, scientific engineering, mechanical and agricultural. We have now had *uncommon sense* long enough, let us have a little common sense.

If this institution could only learn to give us the same measure of thoroughness in agriculture that is imparted to the student of medicine in their schools, they would find that they had all the work they could well do. The large appropriations made for schools of agriculture were intended for those who wished to study agriculture irrespective of which class they might come from—the same as the schools of medicine.

Then what should constitute an agricultural College? It should be equipped in a similar manner like our medical universities with all the modern scientific appliances pertaining to agriculture. It should be stocked with the finest herds of thorough bred cattle in the state, with specimens of every distinct breed in this country. In the same manner it should be equipped with thorough bred farm horses, sheep swine, poultry, bees, &c. It should have horticultural and botonical gardens with green houses attached. It should be supplied with boilers, engines, feed cutters, farm mills, sugar and fruit evaporators, silos and all such appliances as we find in the best managed farms in the world.

This is what the farmers of Pennsylvania were promised and this is what they now would have if the money appropriated to this College had been used for the *one* purpose *—agriculture.* This is what we have been advocating before the public and before the Board of Trustees. For this I am censured as an enemy of the College. Only at the late meeting of the Board at Harrisburg, when I stood in my place as a Trustee in behalf of the farmers of this commonwealth pleading that these improvements should be made, I was met by a prominent lawyer of the Board (I forbear using his name with the gentlemen) by vulgar slang: "We don't want such things as bulls covering cows at the College," and lost his temper—I presume because reason failed him to offset my plea on behalf of the farmer of the state. But you will no doubt object that an institution thus equipped would not afford or impart education to our boys and girls, and that it would exclude certain other classes. So does the law and the medical university exclude all excepting those that wish to pursue the studies taught there, yet no one finds fault with them. As to imparting instruction, what higher studies can any one pursue than the acquisition of knowledge for a definite object in life. Therefore an agricultural college training should be in the science pertaining to agriculture and skilled appliances of practical knowledge acquired from the best authorities, so that the young farmer like the young physician can intelligently enter upon his duties in life.

It is objected that this would drive nearly all the present students from the College that are now in the classic studies, but then it would bring many others who wished to prepare themselves for farming. Take for instance all the agriculture colleges of this and other countries where they are conducted in the interest of agriculture they are well attended. The Michigan agricultural College that has but one course of studies, that of agriculture, has over two hundred and sixty students in attendance who are proud of the honor of being in her agricultural classes—entering the College course right from the public schools of the State.

Why are the farmers of Pennsylvania dissatisfied? Because their Farmer's High School was changed to the Agricultural College, then robbed of the name they wished to honor to State College, only to be deceived and the money obtained from them under the pretence that it was to be a farmer's school was subverted to the benefit of other classes. I know of farmers who subscribed and paid $50 to $100, and some more, to raise the $10,000 pledged by Centre and Huntingdon counties to get the Agricultural School here. $50,000 was procured from the legislature under the same pretence to erect buildings. I still can hear the speeches ringing in my ears made by H. N. McAlister and others—what a grand blessing this Agricultural School would be to make skilled farmers, and we can still read the flaming articles in the newspapers published at that time to the same effect. I have reason to believe that its advocates were sincere at the time, at least the farmers believed so when they subscribed. But the institution has since been lifted from its foundation and the only reason they assigned for the change is that the boys did not want to pick stones and clean pens—as though that was all the knowledge to be required of farmers. If only some of these men could be induced to go and see the farms of the Piollets, the Youngs, and many others in our State they might get broader ideas of the importance of agriculture.

But it is urged against my theory of equipping these institutions and its farms that it will cost too much or that the institution has not the money. This excuse is too flimsy, when we see $7,000 expended on the erection of a single house which has never brought a student to the institution; while if the money had been expended in equipping the farms, it would have attracted hundreds of people and many students.

But you intimate that I misrepresented and told an untruth in my annual address to the State Grange at Williamsport, when I stated that the farmers had received no more benefit from the College farms, than if they did not exist. Pray tell the farmers of Pennsylvania of any benefit derived from any of these farms in Centre, Chester, or Indiana counties, nor will they ever derive any benefit from them, till the men managing the College believe in equipping them. They want to sell them now, what for I will leave the farmers to judge.

In this institution like in many others some other interests are to overshadow that of Agriculture and prevent its full development. Better give the farmers of the State the lands and a just proportion of the proceeds of the endowment funds to the support of a purely agricultural school under the supervision of the Board of Agriculture so that we can place our school of agriculture upon an equality of honor and advantages with the institutions instituted for other professions and callings. While you were attending lectures at the State College I was attending the Trustee meeting in the interests of farmers and duties of Master of the State Grange, having no spare time from my business as a farmer to attend lectures. After all the best school that farmers of your and my age can attend is the Subordinate Granges in our several localities, discussing with our neighbors for ourselves what is best for our class, building up communities of culture and refined society, with their Grange Halls comfortably furnished and equipped with good libraries, making it a lyceum for the farmers' families more productive of good than any State College. Get all the education you can at your home school, and if you still want to acquire more go to the special school that will give you the best practical training for your prefered pursuit in life, whether it be found in Pennsylvania or Michigan. L. RHONE.

A boiler in McGrath's brewery in West Troy exploded about 1 o'clock Saturday morning destroying the two story frame engine house. The engineer, who was entering the door of the engine house, was hurled fifteen feet and rendered unconscious.

Estabrook, Wires & Co., manufacturers of patent clinching screw nails for boots and shoes, in Milford, Mass., were burned out on Wednesday night. The machinery used by them was all made especially for this work, and no duplicates are in existence.

Mack Ship, aged ninety three years, died in Richmond yesterday. He was a native of Lunenberg County, Virginia, and served during the whole of the war of 1812, and was a pensioner of the United States Government for many years.

HIRAM BLEIM, a resident of Hickorytown, Pa., is the father of twenty-two daughters and two sons. The daughters are all married, and, with few exceptions, are mothers. The sons are still enjoying single-blessedness.

THIS is the Man who had a Notice in the Paper. How Proud he is. He is Stepping Higher than a Blind Horse. If he had Wings he would Fly. Next week the paper will say the Man is a Measley Old Fraud, and the Man will not Step so High.—*Denver Tribune Primer.*

New Advertisements.

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Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the great household medicine of the Amer can people, and is taken everywhere as a safeguard against epidemics and endemics as a remedy for dyspepsia, billiousness and irregularities of the bowels, as a cure for chills and fever and rheumatic ailments, as a sedative in nervous cases, and as a general invigorant and restorative. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally. 13 42 d&w 1y

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For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 13-27-1y*

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One Thousand Chestnut Telegraph Poles

500 twenty-five feet long; 250 thirty feet long; 125 thirty five feet long; 75 forty feet long and 50 fifty feet long. All to be butt cuts, barked and 7 inches in diameter at small end, loaded on cars along Pennsylvania Railroad. Please make bid to

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Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. R. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-49-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law,
Office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law,
Office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-1f

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

S. H. YOCUM, Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office northeast corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 40-4w

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ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Margaret Nestleroad, deceased.
Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Wills of Centre county, upon the estate of Margaret Nestleroad, deceased, late of Liberty township all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and persons having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent to make them known to the undersigned without delay. JOHN T. CLARK,
Liberty twp., Feb 7, '82. (616) Adm'r.

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Warrant all goods they recommend. Try them Boockerhoff House Block, Allegheny street Bellefonte. 464

New Advertisements.

Important Announcement!

As it has always been my desire to place before you for holiday presents nice, new fresh goods, selected for each particular season, and as it is impossible to dispose of such a large stock of fancy goods in the short time given to such sales, it is important that I be not compelled to pack unsold articles up and lay them away until next Christmas, as is usually the case, I have arrayed my entire stock of fine goods, selected expressly for the holidays, in a prominent place in my store, and will offer them at exactly one-half their marke price. These prices are the same as before the holidays, and their sale at fifty cents on the dollar represents a large loss to me,—in fact, in all instances makes the price to you lower than the cost of importation, and in many instances less than the actual cost of the labor alone.

You have doubtless admired many articles that you would like to have bought had they not been so expensive. They now will doubtless be lower than you would have thought possible. This reduction makes every article lower to you in price than I paid for them to the direct importers and manufacturers. Come soon, for at these prices they cannot stay long.

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CALL AND SEE US.

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An elegant, agreeable Hair Dressing that
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Ginger, Buchu, Mandrake, Stillingia and many of the best medicines known are combined in PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, into a medicine of such varied and effective powers, as to make it the Greatest Blood Purifier and Kidney Corrector and the
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It cures Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness, and all diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Lungs, Liver, Urinary Organs, and all Female Complaints. If you are wasting away with Consumption or any disease, use the Tonic to-day. It will surely help you. Remember! This Tonic is the Best Family Medicine ever made, and is far superior to Bitters, Essences of Ginger and other Tonics, as it never Intoxicates, and cures Drunkenness. Any dealer in drugs can supply you—50c. and $1 sizes. None genuine without the signature of Hiscox & Co., Chemists, N. Y.
Large Saving in Buying the Dollar Size.

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To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, *free of charge*. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH INMAN, Station D, New York City. 14 1 26t

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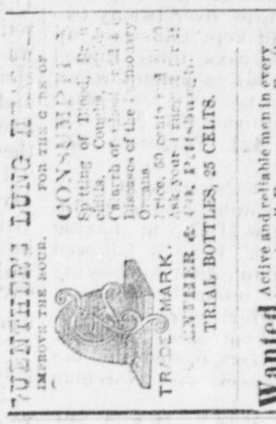

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RAKES FORKS SCYTHES CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
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How Lost, How Restored!
Just published, a new edition of "Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay" on the *radical cure* of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc; also Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, etc.
The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.
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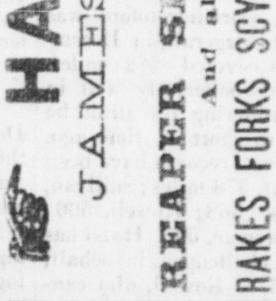
41 Ann Street, New York, N. Y.
Post Office Box, 459. 14 1 1y



DIRECTIONS. For Catarrh, Hay Fever, Cold in the head, &c., insert with little finger a particle of the Balm into the nostrils; draw strong breaths through the nose. It will be absorbed cleansing and healing the diseased membrane.

FOR DEAFNESS, apply a particle into the ear

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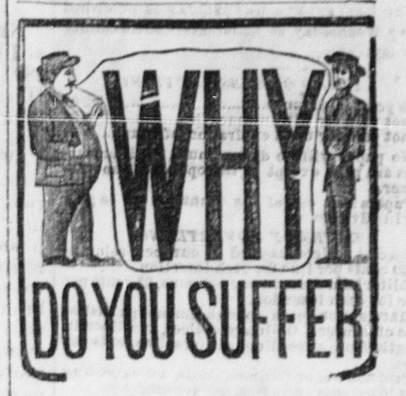

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GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT
It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the **BEST KNOWN REMEDY** for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.
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Because they will positively cure diseases which other remedies will not even relieve.
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Because the manufacturers have received the only medals ever given for porous plasters.

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SEABURY & JOHNSON,
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In placing this preparation before the American public we candidly believe that we have filled a long felt want, by giving a medicine that will not only temporarily relieve, but will positively cure Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Complaint, and all other various effects, such as Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, pains in the side and back, Palpitation of the Heart, Costiveness, Indigestion, Yellow Skin, Swimming of the Head, Fullness at Pit of Stomach, Low Spirits, &c. Three doses will relieve the worst case.
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The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

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1 inch (12 lin' this t'p'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
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Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
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To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

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Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
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County Republican Executive Committee, 1882.

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do S W., Maj H H Brauner, do
do W W., Col G A Bayard, do
Howard bor,.....H I Lucas .....Howard
Milesburg boro.....Lyman T Eddy.....Milesburg
Millheim boro.....Samuel D Musser, Millheim
Philipsburg boro,..Wm E Irwin, ...Philipsburg
Unionville boro,....Benj mi Rich,.....Fleming
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Boggs .....Jno M Wagner,....Milesburg
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Ferguson, O P.....Cyrus Goss Pine Grove Mills
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Gregg, O P.....R H Duncan.....Spring Mills
do N P.....Emanuel Smith, Spring Mills
Haines .....M M Musser .....Aaronsburg
Halfmoon.....J P R Gray .....Stormstown
Harris.....Wm McFarlane, Boalsburg
Howard.....Wm I Leathers.....Mt Eagle
Huston .....Jno C Henderson.....Julian
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Miles .....Simon Spangler, Rebersburg
Patton .....S T Gray.....Buffalo Run
Penn .....David Kimport.....Millheim
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do N P.....W J Thompson, Potters Mills
Rush. ... .Jno A Mull.....Philipsburg
Snow Shoe.....Dr J P Glenn .....Snow Shoe
Spring.....Capt A Mullen.....Bellefonte
Taylor.....John T Fowler .....Fowler
Union .....B W Shipley.....Fleming
Walker .....J C Zimmerman, Hublersb'g
Worth.....Thos Weston.....Port Matilda
D. H. HASTINGS, Chairman.
WILBUR F. REEDER, }
J. HAGERMAN, } Secretaries.
JAMES P. HARRIS, Treasurer.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

MacLean, the Would-be Assassin.

LONDON, March 3.—The *Times* says that if no more can be said for MacLean, the would be assassin of the queen, than could be said for Guiteau, the assassin of President Garfield, and Lefroy, the murderer of Gold, he can as little expect to escape punishment.

United States Minister Lowell has tendered to the queen the congratulations of the American nation on her escape.

Telegrams expressing similar sentiments were arriving at Windsor throughout the night.

It is officially announced that the queen passed a good night and is in no way affected by the attempt on her life. MacLean passed a restless night and he will be brought up at the special sitting of Windsor borough justice this afternoon.

From later accounts it appears that MacLean fired the shot after the carriage was in motion. Princess Beatrice and John Brown saw him point the pistol at the carriage. He was exactly thirty paces distant when he fired. Two of the four loaded chambers of the revolver contained only blank cartridges. MacLean had walked from Portsmouth to London a week ago. Upon his person was found a purse containing a penny and three farthings, and a pocket-book containing the following entries:

"Fourth Path"—a novel by MacLean and Reynolds. Newspapers give as correct the idea of the wide difference that divides the people of England as any newspapers in the world. I venerate free and outspoken principles—an unbiased thinker."

MacLean was charged at the police station with the shooting at the queen with intent to do grievous bodily harm. He asked whether any one was hurt, but the police refused to give him any information.

After searching the yard at the railway station for an hour this morning the police found a small bullet embedded in the ground. It bore the marks of having first struck some other object. It was right in the direction of the spot over which the queen's carriage was passing, having probably passed over the horses' heads. The queen and Beatrice walked out to Castle Terrace as usual early this morning.

ROME, March 3.—The pope has telegraphed his regret at the attempt upon the life of Queen Victoria and congratulates her upon her escape.

Provisions for Arkansas Sufferers.

MEMPHIS, March 3.—Judge L. H. Mongum, commissioner for the state of Arkansas, shipped ten thousand rations to the sufferers of Arkansas City this morning by the steamer Belle of Memphis, which steamer brought the first installment of provisions donated by the government.

The river continues rising slowly here.

The Walking Match.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The score at 10 o'clock was as follows: Hazael 480, Fitzgerald 458, Sullivan 431, Hart 409 Rowell 406 Noremac 431, Hughes 412.

Rowell has withdrawn.

When Hughes heard of Rowell's withdrawal he said: "I have carried my point and have broken him up;" and so indeed had he accomplished his end, and had forced the retirement of the little Englishmen, who for the first time had to suffer humiliation, being beat by a man who had sacrificed his chance of winning for the purpose of pushing the champion so hard in the first part of the race that he could not possibly go through until the end Nature could stand no more. Hughes had pushed Rowell the first day and compelled him to cover 150 miles in a little over twenty two hours, and had kept the strain up on succeeding days until Rowell could not possibly go much further.

At 12 o'clock noon the score was: Hazael 490, Sullivan 433, Noremac 442, Hughes 422, Fitzgerald 468, Hart 449.

Fitzgerald left the track at 10 p. m., having 513 miles to his credit. Hazael retired at 11:37 p m, having made 540 miles. Hughes followed suit at 11:56 p. m., after completing 470 miles. At midnight Sullivan, Noremac and Hart were the only men walking. At precisely 12 o'clock Sullivan and Hart passed the big clock neck to neck with Noremac close behind them.

12 o'clock score: Hazael 540, Fitzgerald 513 Noremac 496, Hart 488, Hughes 470, Sullivan 461.

NEW YORK, March 4.—The go as-you-please match at Madison Square Garden ended to-night in a victory for Hazael. He left the track with a score of 600 miles to his credit, and has beaten all previous records. Fitzgerald was second, Noremac third, Hart fourth, Hughes fifth and Sullivan brought up the rear All having passed the boundry line, they will all share in the gate money. After subtracting the expense Hazael will receive half of what remains, Fitzgerald will get twenty per cent., Noremac twelve per cent., Hart eight per cent., Hughes six per cent. and Sullivan four per cent. Fitzgerald receives in addition his thousand dollars entrance money, Hazel sweeps in the eight thousand dollars put up by the others and receives his own thousand dollars back. It has been a very profitable investment for him. His score is something marvelous. The greatest score heretofore was that made by Fitzgerald in December, when he covered 582 miles. He has done wonderfully well in this race, considering the strain he was under so short a time ago. The other great records have been made by Vint, 578 miles; Sullivan, 569; Hughes, 568; Rowell, 566; Hart and Noremac, 565 Hazel has already been challenged, in behalf, it is supposed, of Rowell, who cannot bear to retire from the track a beaten man.

Sentenced to Death.

ST PETERSBURG, March 1.—Those of the Nihilists prisoners who were sentenced to be hanged are as follows: Miss Lebedeva, and Michaeloff, Kolodkenwitch, Trigonia, Barianiakoff, Honoff, Klevetotchnikoff, Isnieff, Emilianoff, Earkuloff, all of whom were convicted of complicity in the assassination of the Czar. The rest of the prisoners were sentenced to indefinite terms of penal servitude, except Lustig, whose term is four years. Just before the prisoners were sentenced, Klyetotschnikoff struck Markuloff, who testified against several of the others in the hope of escaping sentence of death, on his ear, saying: "Take that from your fellow prisoners." It is reported that the sentance of death will be commuted to penal servitude.

The address of the counsel for the prisoner was excellent. M. Alexandroff, the well known counsel for Vera Sassulitch defended Emilianoff in a brilliant address. He said the prisoners were honorable and respectable, but in a certain respect diseased. He felt that if only regicides were excluded from their doctrines he and many others would fully share them. He said he was bound to bear witness that no torture had been practised to extort confessions from Emilianoff, but complained of the hateful system of conducting preliminary examinations in political cases by gendarmes. The President, interrupting, remarked that the Assistant Procurator-General was present at these examinations. M. Alexendroff replied that the Procurator was probably hand-in-glove with the gendarmerie.

A French Victory.

ALGIERS, March 5.—A dispatch from Ani Safra reports that a body of three hundred French troops reconnoitering in a southerly direction was surprised and defeated by insurgents. Fifteen hundred insurgents afterward endeavored to bar the passage of the French. The insurgents were completely routed, leaving one hundred killed and wounded. The French lost twelve killed and wounded.

Mrs. Wall's Anxiety.

NEW YORK, March 4.—George Barry Wall was still alive at midnight at the Presbyterian Hospital. Edward Wall, his brother, informed a *Sun* reporter that the wounded man had suffered no perceptible loss of strength since Monday and was likely to live several hours. His recovery is considered impossible. He retains full consciousness, but is allowed to talk little, and to see only the members of his family, all of whom are at his side. He never mentions his wife.

Mrs. Wall has not been alone for a moment since she was placed in the Town Hall at New Utrecht. Her only visitors yesterday were her counsel, two ladies of New Utrecht, and Judge Church. She retired early Thursday evening, but was walking the floor in her night clothes during most of the night and did not sleep at all yesterday. She clenches her hands and wrings them, and frequently exclaims, "My dear Barry! My dear boy! My dear George!" Judge Church visited her yesterday morning. As he appeared she rushed forward with both arms extended, and cried, "What word have you got from my dear husband?" The reply was not encouraging. "Oh my God! Is he going to live, or is he going to die?"

Four years ago Ellen McCall, a younger sister of Mrs. Wall, committed suicide by taking prussic acid while despondent. About a week prior to the suicide their mother was arrested for appropriating $3,250, and this undoubtedly influenced her to seek self-destruction.

A Murder Mystery.

ERIE, March 5.—Intelligence was received Saturday that Jack McCarthy, sentenced to be hanged at Angelica, N. Y., on the 23d instant, has announced that he will clear up the mystery concerning the murder of a young lady in this county eight years ago as soon as he is sure that all hope of life is past and that he must swing. The murder was committed at Corry and McCarthy lived there at the time.

All Quiet at Homestead.

PITTSBURGH, March 3.—No outbreak occurred at Homestead, PA., last night and peace reigns supreme at the Bessimer steel works. To day it is thought the matter will be amicably settled this afternoon and the workmen have requested a conference with the strikers at 4 o'clock.

A Labor Convention.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 3.—Delegates representing nearly all the coal companies in Luzerne and Lackawanna counties met here in convention. They took into consideration the propriety of organizing a workman's union. The meeting was adjourned to reassemble in general mass meeting at Pittston on the 18th inst. It is a foregone conclusion that they will demand an increase of wages of from ten to twenty per cent.

Irish Land League Convention.

NEW YORK, March 3.—At a meeting of the Irish national land and industrial league executive committee held to-night a communication was received from the Boston central organization asking co-operation in the project of holding a convention in Washington on April 12 next. The treasurer reported that he had forwarded $3,000 to Ireland since June 24.

Attacked by Apaches.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—A dispatch fron Tucson, Arizona, says: "Reports have reached here that the town of Nacori, containing several hundred inhabitants, has been attacked by the Apaches. Three persons have been killed on each side. A courier who left the place for assistance heard heavy firing shortly after leaving."

Mrs. Wall Lodged in Jail.

NEW YORK, Mar. 5.—Mrs. Lizzie Wall, who shot and killed her husband at New Utrecht, Long Island, was brought from that place on Saturday to Brooklyn and lodged in the Raymond Street jail. A New York coroner has empanneled a jury and will hold the inquest in this city.

An Explosion.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 5.—At Stone's station, four miles north of Winchester, a boiler in Weston & Barnes' saw mill exploded on Friday morning, killing five men and wounding two others. The bodies of the killed were horribly mangled. The boiler divided into a dozen pieces and scattered in all directions.

Advance Freight Rates.

NEW YORK, March 3.—At the final meeting of the joint executive committee of the railroad managers held to-day it was agreed to make a general advance in east bound freight, a schedule of which was prepared. The advance will take effect on March 13.

Short Telegrams.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 3.—Herman A. Geiler, assistant city surveyor, dropped dead at Ewington this afternoon while waiting for a train.

EASTON, Pa., March 1.—J. O. Wagoner's dam in Bushkill was washed away by high water this afternoon. The Delaware at Easton to-night is fourteen feet deep and is rapidly rising The Lehigh is also rising and if the rain continues it is feared the damage along both rivers will be great.

MILFORD, Pike Co., Pa., March 1.—The rapid melting of snow and the heavy rains here have caused floods in the Delaware river. The Delaware has risen six feet during the afternoon and the storm still continues. The chief damage will fall on the lumbermen.

NEW HAVEN, Conn, March 3.—A gross outrage was perpetrated in the cemetery at Birmingham last night. The grounds were despoiled wholesale, twenty-five monuments being pulled down and broken. The borough is greatly excited.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., March 3.—News has been recieved from, Sidney, Iowa, that Poke Wells the desperado, who has twice attempted to shoot the sheriff since his arrest in Wisconsin, is dying.

CHICAGO, March 3.—George Hazard, who, two years ago, at Auburn, Ind., as private banker, appropriated eighteen thousand dollars of his depositors' money, was arrested here yesterday.

BOSTON, March 1.—The will of Charles Albert Read, lately deceased, of Newton, Mass., gives $50,000 to the Treasurer of the United States to be applied to the reduction of the war debt. To the attending physican of the testator $5,000 is given on a condition expressed as follows: "That my head is severed from my body, as I have great horror of being buried alive."

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 1.—The Democrats who were in the Union army or who were of Union sentiments during the war, besides those who are against the present recognized Democratic organization of the State Convention at Frankfort on January 11, met in convention last night and adopted a preamble and resolutions.

RICHMOND, Va., March 1.—A joint resolution introduced by Mr Riddleberger in the State Senate today to extend the present session of the Legislature was defeated by a vote of 25 to 11. Petitions are being circulated for signatures of members of the General Assembly requesting the Governor to call an extra session. Had Senator Riddleberger's resolution to extend the session prevailed the members would have received no pay for the extension, but if the Governor calls an extra session they will be entitled to receive regular pay.

Telegraphic Brevities.

A fire at Waterville, Me., destroyed three retail stores and their stocks, causing a loss of $19,000.

Ezra Smith, of J., a wealthy farmer residing near Woodsboro', committed suicide by hanging himself.

Dr. H. L. Willford, of Memphis, on Thursday night shot and fatally wounded a colored nurse, mistaking her for a burglar.

A pop-corn vender, named Bedroft, living at Armstrong, Mo., was fatally shot near his residence and robbed of some $800.

The Denver (Col.) *Republican* says: "Morris Noel, bookkeeper for Giddings & Wood, of Denver, has embezzled about $8,000 from his employers."

David Warren, of Carman, N. Y., on his way west, had his pocket picked of 1,100 while changing cars at Salamanca. The thieves escaped.

Garland's trunk factory, in St. Paul, Minn., was burned night before last, causing a loss of $15,000 on stock and $3,000 on the building, which was fully insured.

The yacht Eva, from Norfolk for Jacksonville, was capsized in a squall off Charleston, S. Carolina. She sank with the masts barely above water and will be a total loss.

Lesson in Geography.

The Detroit *Free Press* gives this new lesson in geography:

'Of what is the surface of the eath composed?'

'Of corner lots, mighty poor roads, railroad tracks, base ball grounds, cricket fields and skating rinks.'

'What portion of the globe is water?'

'Three-fourths. Sometimes they add a little nutmeg and gin to it.'

'What is a town?'

'A town is a considerable collection of houses and inhabitants, with four or five men who 'run the party' and lend money at 15 per cent. interest.'

'What is a city?'

'A city is an incorporated town, with a mayor who believes that the whole world shakes when he happens to fall flat on a crosswalk.'

'What is commerce?'

'Borrowing $5 for a day or two and dodging the lender for a year or two.'

'Name the different races.'

'Horse race, boat race, bicycle race, and racing around to find a man to indorse your note.'

'Into how many classes is mankind divided?'

'Six; being enlightened, civilized, savage, too utter, not-worth-a cent and Indian agents.'

'What nations are called enlightened?'

'Those who have the most wars, the worst laws and produce the worst criminals.'

'How many motions has the earth?'

'That's according to how you mix your drinks and which way you go home.'

'What is the earth's axis?'

'The lines passing between New York and Chicago.'

'What causes day and night?'

'Day is caused by night being tired out. Night is caused by everybody taking the street car and going home to supper.'

'What is a map?'

'A map is a drawing to show the jury where Smith stood when Jones gave him a lift under the eye.'

'What is a mariner's compass?'

'A jug holding four gallons.'

—Several flittings took place in Bellefonte last week.

—All kinds of fruit in their season can be found at Sechler & Co's.

—The Democratic papers do not attempt to defend the ex Sheriff.

—Oysters, of the best quality, always on hand at Sechler & Co's.

—Oysters of the best quality, and none but the best are kept at Sechler & Co's.

—Go to Green's drug store if you want a good cigar. Harry keeps the best.

—Sechler & Co. keep the best meat to be found in town. They kill none but first class cattle. Try them.

—The morning overtures by the blue birds are musical treats which none but the early-risers enjoy.

—Sunday-afternoon promenading was not indulged in yesterday to a great extent. Female "toggery" doesn't show off to good advantage in dull weather.

—Rev. Crittenden occupied the pulpit of the Presbyterian church of Tyrone on Sunday by request of the pastor, Rev. Moore, who was obliged to be absent.

—There were a large number of farmers in town Saturday inspecting the farming implements at the hardware stores, preparatory to beginning spring work.

—The Board of Auditors have reduced ex-Sheriff Spangler's Fish Basket bill from $630 00 down to $180.00, a reduction of four hundred and fifty dollars.

—Rev. J. F. Delong preached in Emanuel's Reformed church, at Williamsport, on Sunday, both morning and evening. Mr. Delong was formerly pastor of this church.

—Moving day comes on Saturday this year. This will give flitters all day Sunday to put down carpets and stow away the old rubbish in the attic, so as to be ready for callers on Monday.

—Rev. John Hewitt, of the Protestant Episcopal church of this place, preached at Milesburg last Sunday afternoon. Probably this is the first Episcopal service ever held in that town.

—They began to lay the brick in the new furnace at the Glass Works on Monday. It is to be a blast furnace this time. It will be done in about two weeks, and they expect to make glass again about the first of April.

—According to some of our exchanges, the grand army of tramps is on the march. In view of this fact it might be well for our citizens to go into practice with the view of gaining expertness in executing the grand bounce.

Chemistry at Pennsylvania State College.

Dr. Babcock, at present connected with the department of chemistry at Cornell University, visited the State College on Friday, February 24, for the purpose of examining the chemical laboratories with a view of deciding the question of an acceptance of the Professorship of Chemistry in the institution, which becomes vacant on June 30 by the resignation of the present incumbent, Professor C. Alfred Smith. The Doctor was highly pleased and surprised at the complete manner in which the State College laboratories are fitted up for instruction in general and analytical chemistry. It is but stating a fact when we say that—excepting for the lack of gas, which is amply atoned for in other sources of heat—no better facilities are offered anywhere to students of chemistry than are to be found in the State College laboratories. We are not informed whether or not Dr. B. will accept the professorship tendered him.

An Investigating Fund.

ROCK SPRING, March 1, 1882.

MR. EDITOR: We see in your issue of February 22 a suggestion from one of your correspondents at Snow Shoe, that each township contribute to a fund sufficient to employ counsel to investigate the proceedings of some of our county officials for the last few years, and to treat all dishonest transactions as the law requires. We heartily agree with him and pledge West Ferguson for ten dollars ($10-00,) to such a fund. We think our commissioners are doing a long needed, though unpleasant work, and feel disposed to give them our moral and financial support.

WEST FERGUSON.

County Statement.

HOWARD, March 2, 1882.

MR. EDITOR: I want a little space in your paper to state some facts in regard to the county affairs. I see that in Lycoming county the sheriff gets but thirty-five cents a day for boarding prisoners, and for taking persons to Danville asylum, ten dollars and fifty cents, while for the same service Sheriff Spangler has charged our county sixty one dollars. In regard to fish baskets, I have lived here a great many years and I never saw one in the run, from Howard to Jacksonville, and never heard of anyone that did. Lick Run I have always regarded as private property. The land is owned on both sides, and the stream was bought with it, no regard being paid to it This, I think, makes it private property. If you see fit to put these few lines in your paper all right. FISH BASKET.

[Our correspondent also says, that the auditors of Lycoming county took time and mileage off all their commissioners, and from one, 500 miles, and asks, why is it that bills are always paid in Centre county, no matter how extravagant they may be.—ED.]

To the Tax-payers of Centre County!

At a meeting of the citizens of Spring township a committee was appointed to make arrangements for a convention of the tax-payers of the county to investigate the financial condition of the county.

The committee therefore calls upon all good citizens, irrespective of party affiliations, to meet in the Court House at Bellefonte on the 21st of March at 2 o'clock p. m, for the purpose of organization and devising plans for work.

Let us have a good representation from all parts of the county of all citizens who desire to see our public funds properly cared for.

JAS HAMILTON, *Chairman.*
C. DALE, JR., *Secretary.*

Important to Pensioners.

The Commissioner of Pensions has just made the following rulings governing the issue of pensions:

"When it is shown that a soldier was captured in the line of duty and it appears that he was not afterward an inmate of a rebel prison and has not since been heard from, his death shall be presumed to have occurred in the service and line of duty, and the day after he was last seen or heard from may be accepted as the date of death.

"When it appears that the soldier was sound at the date of his capture in the line of duty, and that he was disabled as alleged at the date of his release from rebel prison, the origin of said disability may be assumed to have been in the service and in line of duty, provided said disease was incident to the service or to such imprisonment."

—The monthly missionary collection at the Methodist Sunday school last Sunday amounted to over twenty five dollars. One month ago it was nineteen dollars.

Sale Register.

Saturday, March 11. Z. T. Hershberger, near Zion, will sell a lot of personal property, horses, young cattle, paper, farming tools, etc.

Tuesday, March 14, Robert McCalmont, on farm of James McCalmont, deceased, in Marion township, will sell personal property, horses, cows, young cattle, pigs, shoats, wagons, farming tools, etc.

Thursday, March 16, J. A. J. Fugate, Huston township, half mile west of Julian, will sell a lot of personal property, 60 sheep, 6 cows, 10 head young cattle, sleighs, wagons and farming tools.

Tuesday, March 14. C. Baumgardner, Potter township, near Center Hill, on Barnhart Wagner farm, will sell horses, cows, young cattle, sheep and hogs.

Friday, March 17, J. B. Hartswick, in College township, two miles west of Boalsburg, on his farm, commencing at 1 o'clock p m, sharp, horses, colts, cows, young cattle, shoats, carriages, sleds, wagons, farming tools, etc. Also 20 head of Lincolnshire sheep.

Saturday, March 11, Thomas Dale, administrator to estate of Peter Schreck, will sell personal property, horse, cow, 20 sheep and all the personal property.

Monday, March 20, W. C. Ayers, of Loveville, Half Moon township, will sell a lot of personal property, horses, cows, young cattle, hogs, shoats, wagons, 1 acre grain in the ground.

Friday, March 17, John Cramer, in Spring township, two miles east of Bellefonte, will sell a lot of horses, cows, hogs, and farming implements. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock.

Tuesday, March 14, D. J M. Blair, in Union township, 2½ miles from Unionville, will sell a lot of horses, cows, young cattle, farming implements. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

Wednesday, March 22, Hugh Adams, Huston township, two miles from Martha Furnace, will sell a lot of cattle, horses, wagons, and farming implements; also a lot of household furniture.

Tuesday, March 28, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., John D. Thompson will sell in Liberty township, three miles north of Howard, a lot of horses, cows, hogs, sheep, young cattle, chickens, oats, hay by the ton, straw by the load, seed corn, potatoes, buckwheat and a lot of all kinds of farming tools.

Saturday, March 25, commencing at 1 o'clock p m., Philip S. Dale, in College township, 2½ miles east of Lemont, will sell a lot of land with house thereon, also a lot of household furniture—also a lot of cows, hogs, hemlock, walnut and birch lumber, farming tools, &c.

Fraudulent Voting.

At the last election the West ward Democracy, with P. Gray Meek at the head of the column, developed unusual skill in "pipe laying." It is the custom of this wing of the Democracy to vote all the paupers they can colonize in the ward. Last fall they voted three "solid for Mulhoolly." At the last election they succeeded in voting one only, viz., Abraham Boyer, who some time ago by a decree of the court was declared a citizen of Walker township. If Mr. Meek and other Democrats had sworn to the same statements before the court that they made to the election board to induce them to take his vote, Mr. Boyer would be a pauper maintained by this borough now, instead of Walker township. The election officers did not, in my opinion, perform their duty in not requiring Mr. Meek and his friends, to make oath to their reckless statement.

If election officers would take a common sense view of such questions, fraudulent voting of this kind would seldom happen. Article 8, Sec. 13, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania says: "For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence, or lost it by reason of his absence * * * while kept in any house or other asylum at public expense. * * *" If this section of the fundamental law, (in view of the decree of the court fixing his residence), does not establish that Mr. Boyer has no legal right to vote in this borough, he is certainly not a pauper of Walker township and the decree of the court compelling that township to support him is a mistake as in such a condition of affairs he must belong here. Messrs. Fortney and Love, the attorneys who were employed in the case at court, concur in the opinion that Mr. Boyer is not entitled to vote in this borough, and election officers are liable to prosecution for allowing him to do so. As Mr. Christian Derr and Adam Herkheimer are two of the officers who accepted this fraudulent vote, and are re-elected to serve during the coming election, it will be a matter of interest to the people of the ward to know upon what ground they justify themselves for receiving fraudulent pauper votes. JULIUS.

—The most attentive clerks at Sechler's. Call and see them even if you do not buy. They are always ready to show their goods—take pride in them because they have confidence that they can recommend them. Harry Teats is head clerk and all who know him acknowledge that he is the boss clerk.

—If you want a good cigar go to Harry Green, next door to the Bush House. He has a new brand five cent cigar that is hard to beat.

—Sechler & Co. have the finest tea to be found in this market. We got some there, and know by trial that it is even so.

—Rev. John Hewitt, will preach on Sunday evenings during Lent upon popular subjects. Last Sunday the subject of his discourse was, "Evil Communications." These services are very interesting.

—One year ago last Saturday Garfield was inaugurated President of the United States. "This is a great age, with all its faults, when a man by the power of his own genius and good sense can scale such a daring height."—*Speech, London*, 1851.

—The Lock Haven papers have for some time been crying out against the accumulation of dead cats, dogs, chickens, &c., in the streets of that city. The power of the press in a city that supports two dailies ought to be sufficient to keep its streets clean. We wish them success.

—The coffee-house, opposite the depot, a new Bellefonte enterprise, was started in operation on Monday. Now then, the question is, which will go under first, the coffee house or John Anderson? We are of the opinion that it will be the hot coffee establishment.

—Officer Montgomery on Monday arrested Henry Johnson and Harry Herman, two boys from ten to thirteen years who claimed to hail from Osceola and said they were sent out to beg by their grandmother. While taking them to the lock-up accompanied by Mr. Bayard, the overseer of the poor, the little fellows begged to be let off, when the officer and Bayard finally concluded to send them to Garman's Hotel on their promise to go home in the morning.

—Mr. D. G. Ganoe, who was arrested some time ago and afterwards bailed out through the kindness of John T. Fowler and Benjamin Weaver, an account of which was given in a previous issue, was again arrested Monday by Constable Lose and brought to town on the evening train and placed in the care of Sheriff Dunkle. It seems that Mr. Ganoe was making preparations to depart to climes unknown, and his bondsmen, becoming aware of the fact, surrendered him again into the hands of the law officers.

To Correspondents.

Alf.—No, there is no vacancy at present on the editorial staff of the NEWS. Whoever informed you that our obituary editor was discharged for writing

"In life he was an awful bore,
And yet may reach the golden shore,"

told you a falsehood. In this establishment the department is not run on the comic order.

Eng.—That feature of the shooting we have not heard explained. The Queen was only fifteen paces from the assassin when he fired, and yet she escaped without injury, and no marks were found on her carriage. One theory advanced is that the villain's powder was wet.

B. G.—Unfortunately there seems to be no help for it. In some towns cattle are not allowed the exclusive use of the sidewalks. In Bellefonte the citizens have no rights which hogs and cattle are bound to respect. That's the difference.

H. McC.—We cannot say. If George Whippo has hired himself out to the government as a gun-swab for the new navy, we have no knowledge of it. We are inclined to think, though, that the eminent gentleman would not allow himself to be used in any such way.

South Ward.—Yours is evidently not a sensitive nature, else you would withdraw and ask no questions. If the young lady, as you state, instructed the hired girl not to admit you to the house, there is but one conclusion to be drawn, viz.: She has "soured" on you, and the sooner you look up some other gal to feed with peppermints the sooner your mind will become settled.

Jincks.—We do not think you can get redress in the courts. No doubt you are possessed of a good pair of legs, and if, when you found that your antagonist was too much for you, you had made use of them, your nose would probably be in good working order now, instead of peeled from bridge to tip. About all you can do is to brace it up with court plaster and arnica.

A Good Beginning.

The call for a convention of the taxpayers of the county to investigate the financial condition of the county, as set forth by the commissioners' report, to meet in the Court House on the 21st inst., is a move in the right direction, and to use a familiar phrase, looks like business. The committee calls upon all good citizens of both political parties to come together on this occasion, for the purpose of effecting an organization and discussing the best methods to be employed in the important work of discovering the leaks in the treasury and bringing the thieves to justice. This is an auspicious beginning and promises good results. All good citizens of the county should stand shoulder to shoulder in this work, as all are alike interested in knowing the exact condition of the finances of the county. An honest, economical administration of the affairs of the county is what we all desire, and if an examination of the accounts of those officials who are suspected of wrong-doing shall uncover corruption and rascality, the people, without regard to party, will demand that the guilty parties be made to disgorge their stealings and suffer the penalty of their acts. The object of the convention is to organize for this work of investigation and all interested citizens, which includes every voter, will see the necessity of attending. Every township in the county should be represented, and those in possession of facts bearing on the matter should come prepared to lay them before the convention.

Pine Grove Mills Items.

The musical convention here closed on Saturday evening with a grand concert. The house was crowded to its utmost capacity. A number of people had to go away, not being able to obtain even standing room. The entertainment was a grand success. Much credit is due Misses Alma Musser, Ida Meek and Myra Musser for the manner in which they performed the parts assigned them.

The Methodists of Pine Grove Mills propose to hold a musical convention next week under the direction of Prof. Meek,

Mr. Samuel Musser and Mr. William Musser of Pine Grove Mills will leave for Illinois in a short time.

—If you want a treat go to the Y. M. C. A. entertainment at Humes' Hall next Thursday evening, March 9. Miss Laura Keller, the celebrated elocutionist, assisted with music by the Bellefonte Orchestra, will give some of her choice readings. She is a lady of talent and has met with great success in various places where she has been. The Orchestra is first class, as all Bellefonters known. It needs no word of commendation from us. The chart for the sale of reserved seats is open at the Y. M. C. A rooms. Secure your seat early.

Notice.

All persons indebted to Isaac Guggenheimer & Co. are requested to make immediate payment, as all accounts remaining unsettled by the first of February will be given for collection. 3-if

To overcome the nauseous taste of some medicines many methods have been devised. It is conceded capsules have superior advantages over all other forms. In this mode some of the most useful medicines are rendered tasteless and acceptable to the most delicate stomachs. Dundas Dick & Co. are the most successful manufacturers of capsules in this country. Their products are world-famed.—*Physicians' Monitor.* 6t4

Words are not Sufficient.

89 LAFAYETTE ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y July 16, 1879. H. H. Warner & Co.: Sirs—I can find no words sufficient to express my gratitude for having been rescued from the horrors of Bright's disease by your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. JOHN CALDWELL.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE.

One greasing with Frazer Axle Grease will last two weeks, all others two to three days. Try it. It received first premium at the Centennial and Paris Exposition. 13-40-3m.

—Spring and Summer Season, 1882. Woolen stock now complete. Early orders solicited. MONTGOMERY & Co., 5tf Tailors.

NEW BLOOMFIELD, MISS., Jan. 2,'80. I wish to say to you that I have been suffering for the last five years with a severe itching all over. I have heard of Hop Bitters and have tried it. I have used up four bottles, and it has done me more good than all the doctors and medicines that they could use on or with me. I am old and poor, but feel to bless you for such a relief by your medicine and from torment of the doctors. I have had fifteen doctors at me. One gave me seven ounces of solution of arsenic; another took four quarts of blood from me. All they could tell was that it was skin sickness Now, after these four bottles of your medicine, my skin is well, clean and smooth as ever. HENRY KNOCHE.

F. H. Drake's Sufferings.

F. H. Drake, Esq., Detroit, Mich., suffered beyond all description from a skin disease, which appeared on his head and face, and nearly destroyed his eyes. The most careful doctoring failed to help him, and after all had failed he used the Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier) internally, Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures) externally, and was cured, and has remained perfectly well to this day. 4t4

—Rag and Woolen carpets just received at Valentine & Co's stores. Handsome designs, and great variety of styles. Call and inspect them before looking elsewhere.

AN Old Lady writes us: "I am 65 years old and was feeble and nervous all the time, when I bought a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic. I have used little more than one bottle and feel as well as at 30." See other column. 2t4

Frank Blair has just opened another fine lot of solid silver ware, from the Gorham Co., which are put up in handsome satin cases. These goods, in connection with his stock of superior silver plated ware, where the finest display of silver ware ever exhibited in town. As he is the agent for the Gorham Co., he sells at the factory retail prices. d-w-t-f.

Hay Fever.

Messrs. Ely Brothers, Druggists, Owego, N. Y.—I have been afflicted for twenty years, during the months of August and September, with Hay Fever, and have tried various remedies for its relief without success. I was induced to try your Cream Balm; have used it with favorable results, and can confidently recommend it to all similarly afflicted. ROBERT W. TOWNLEY (ex Mayor), Elizabeth, N. J.

Messrs. White & Burdick, Druggists, Ithaca, N. Y.—I recommend to those suffering (as I have been) with Hay Fever, Ely's Cream Balm; have tried nearly all the remedies I could find, and give this a decided preference over them all. It has given me immediate relief. C. T. STEPHENS, Hardware Merchant, Ithaca, N. Y. Sept. 6, 1880. 14-8-2t

MERCHANTS who suffer from Dyspepsia, Headache, Constipation, or Biliousness can be cured by using Dr. Mettaur's Headache and Dyspepsia Pills. Price 25 cents. 14 8 1m

Mind and Body.

PORT BYRON, N. Y., Feb. 1, '81. H. H WARNER & Co.: *Sirs*—For years I suffered unspeakably from kidney and bladder diseases. The doctors could do me no good. Your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure not only removed all bodily pain, but banished the agonies of mind also. REUBEN HADDEN.

THE clergymen, lawyers and doctors may differ in their religious and political views, but they invariably unite in giving their highest praise to Dr. Bosanko's Rheumatic Cure as the only sure cure for Rheumatism.

FOR Chronic Catarrh, take Peruna. I have tried it. J. HEBBLING, Allegheny City, Pa.

IF you are deaf, ears run, and have catarrh, take Peruna. I have tried it. C. D. WILEY, Houghton, Pa.

FOR Catarrh and Phthisis, I took Peruna. You need no other. MRS. M. RUSSELL, Pittsburg, Pa.

PERUNA is the greatest and best remedy I ever used. Am well. JAS. FITZGERALD, Pittsburg, Pa.

NEARLY all the ills that afflict us can be prevented and cured by keeping the stomach, liver and kidneys in working order. There is no medicine known that will do this as surely as Parker's Ginger Tonic. See adv.

DR. METTAUR'S Headache and Dyspepsia Pills, price 25 cents, cure at once, Headache, Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Constipation. 14 8-1m

I. Guggenheimer has now open and ready for inspection at his new carpet room 100 pieces of the latest styles and new designs of carpets of all grades. He has also a full line of window shades, rugs, mats, and everything in the line of house furnishing goods. A cordial invitation is extended to every body to call and examine their stock.

—Canned salmon, smoked salmon, canned mackerel, and mackerel by the pound at Valentines & Co's store.

If you are subject to chills, a certain cure is Peruna. Regulate the bowels with Mana in.

The latest and greatest discovery is Peruna. If you do not feel well take it at once.

$30,000 worth of dry goods, clothing, boots, shoes and hats, at cost, Lyon & Co.

For a nobby suit of the best make of clothing call at Guggenheimer's.

Lyon & Co are selling off their entire stock of goods at cost in order to close business.

Case Postponed.

CHESTER, Pa., March 6.—The case of Professor Samuel Jackson and Charles Van Horn, against whom the coroner's jury which investigated the cause of the loss of life at the late explosion of the pyrotechnic works returned a verdict of censure, was to have been heard to day at Media, but the injuries received by Van Horn at the time of the explosion prevented his being present and on the petition of the defendants the case was postponed until the June term of court.

Respite Granted.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 6.—Counsel for Henry Maitt, the Taghkanic wife murderer recently sentenced to be hanged on March 17, to-day appeared before the governor and asked for a commutation of the death sentence upon the ground of newly discovered evidence. The governor, however, granted a respite until May 5th to enable counsel to move for a new trial

Fishermen, Ahoy!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED

400 JAPANESE BAMBOO RODS,

From 12 to 20 feet long.

100 REED RODS, 22 feet long.

2 Fine Splic d Bamboo Fly Rods,

24 GROSS SNELLS,

(Assorted, best Quality.)

NEW BARBLESS HOOKS,

Bethabara wood, Lance wood and Hornbeam for Tips.

Reels, Jointed Rods, Bait Boxes, Fly Books, and a Splendid Assortment of Flys.

Please Call and be Convinced.

THEADORE DESCHNER.

mar4dAw1g

FOR SALE.

Machine Shop!

AND

FOUNDRY.

Situate in Phillipsburg, Pa., in the heart of the Centre and Clearfield County Coal and Lumber Region, fronting on the Tyrone & Clearfield R. R., and now a business that will average $12,000 per year.

My reason for selling is my desire to retire from business. I will also sell the

HOUSE AND LOT ADJOINING FOUNDRY

And the

HOUSE AND LOT COR. FRONT & SPRUCE ST.

For terms and further particulars, apply to M. GOWLAND, Phillipsburg, Centre Co., Pa. 14-9-3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Jane Brooks deceased, late of Milesburg, having been granted the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

MRS. SARAH RANDAL, Executrix.
Mount Eagle, Feb. 15, 1882. 12-9-6t

$25,000.—Parties desiring to borrow money on first class real estate security, in sums of two thousand dollars, and upward, can be accommodated by applying to

BEAVER & GEPHART, Atty's. at Law,
14-no 9-1m Bellefonte, Pa

THE SUMMER SESSION

OF

SPRING MILLS ACADEMY

Will begin MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1882.

Tuition, $10, $13 and $16 for term of twenty weeks. Boarding reasonable. For further information call or address

LEWIS KEITER, A. B., Principal,
vol 14-no 9-6t Spring Mills, Pa.

FOR SALE!

A Good Farm!

Containing 182 acres, more or less, along the north line of the B. E. V. Railroad, one and a half miles west of Snow Shoe Intersection. On it are a good large Bank Barn, and a

Two Story Frame House,

with garret and a dry, cool, frost-proof cellar. A never failing well of pure, cold water on back porch, and a stream of soft running water in back yard. In the barn yard is stock water accessible at all times. Plenty of good wild pasture for cattle or sheep within one-fourth of a mile. Spring water in nearly every field on the farm.

A Large Orchard of Choice Apples.

School within a stone's throw; neighborhood good

TERMS, $5500. The present owner, Mrs. Rebecca Hoover, was offered $6000 for it a few years since. Time given on part of the payment if desired. Apply soon on the premises to

JOSEPH H. DAVIDSON, or to
REV R H COLBURN,
716 Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa.

MARYLAND FARMS—Book and map free. By C. E. SHANAHAN, Attorney, Easton, Md. 7t4

To Young Housekeepers

FREE TO ALL BRIDES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all the readers of this paper, and all their friends and acquaintances throughout the United States and Canada that

The Household

Will be sent one year as

A WEDDING PRESENT

To every newly married couple whose address—and 10 cents to pay for postage—is sent to the publisher within one year from the date of their marriage.

Persons sending for this paper are requested to send a copy of a paper containing a notice of their marriage, or some other evidence that shall amount to a reasonable proof that they are entitled to the magazine under the above offer. Address, THE HOUSEHOLD,
8t3 Brattleboro, Vt.

CANCER REMOVED without knife. Apply to Dr. C. P. W. Fisher, Boalsburg Centre Co., Pa. 11t2

52d Year of

GODEY'S

LADY'S BOOK.

LOW PRICE OF $2.00 PER YEAR.

The Oldest and Best Lady's Book in the World.

See the monthly contents for 1882.

A Complete Novel in Every Number.

Besides the following old-time specialties:
Beautiful Original Steel Plate Engravings, designed by F. O. C. Darley.
Diagram Patterns for Ladies and Children.
Mammoth Colored Fashion Plates.
Short Stories, Poems and Sketches.
Our Popular Novelty Pages in Colors.
Illustrated Art and Fashion Home Work.
Architectural Designs for Beautiful Homes.
Godey's Recipes. Godey's Puzzles and Games.
Monthly Chit-chat on Fashions, etc., etc.
No continued stories.

Every Number complete in Itself.

Making nearly 1200 pages of original letter press and illustrations in the full year's issues.

Subscriptions will be received at this office in clubs with this paper, the REPUBLICAN, and Godey's Lady Book for one year, post paid, for only $3 50. Sample copies 20 cents. All newsdealers sell it.

How to Remit.—Get a post-office money order on Philadelphia, or a draft on Philadelphia or New York. If neither of these can be had, send bank notes in a registered letter.

Address GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK PUBLISHING CO. (Limited), 1006 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 7t3

BRIDGE LETTING.—Sealed proposals for the mason work of an iron bridge at Osceola will be received at the Commissioners' office, Bellefonte, where specifications can be seen, until Tuesday, March 14th, at 11 o'clock. The right to reject any or all bids is reserved.

H. C CAMPBELL,
J HN WOLF,
A. J. GRIEST, } Comm'rs.
Attest W. MILES WALKER, Clerk. 7t3

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of Peter Riter, deceased, late of Liberty township, having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN T. CLARK,
MISS D. J. RITER, } Executors.
BLANCHARD, Feb. 12, 1882.

PLANTS and SEEDS

—FOR—

EVERYBODY.

Our Illustrated Catalogue and Book of Flowers sent free to any address.

HARRY CHAAPEL,
Florist and Seedsman,
14-8-3m WILLIAMSPORT, PA.

Valuable Farm

For Sale.

THE undersigned, Executors of Elijah Heaton, deceased, offer at private sale the following described real estate, situate in Warriors Mark township, Huntingdon county, Penna—containing

135 Acres,

and allowance, ONE HUNDRED ACRES of which is cleared, under good fence and in a high state of cultivation; having thereon a

Good Frame Dwelling House,

a LARGE BANK BARN, Outbuildings, a never failing Spring of Water and an Orchard of Choice Fruit. This is a very desirable farm, being within easy reach of the best markets in Central Pennsylvania, and has established for itself a reputation as one of the best grain producing farms in this part of the state, and from its singular freeness from late Spring frosts is well adapted to fruit growing.

Parties desiring to purchase are referred to Winfield S. Weston who resides on the premises within one mile of the town of Warriors Mark. THOS. WESTON,
14-8-6t ELIJAH WESTON, Executors.

SOMETHING NEW FOR AGENTS.

RAMBLES *THROUGH OUR COUNTRY.*

A new, fascinating, and exceedingly instructive Geographical Game that entertains both old and young.

AGENTS WANTED, LADIES OR GENTLEMEN. Now is the time to take orders. Send for description and liberal terms. Address,

F. C. Bliss & Co., 454 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
14-8-6t

—Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy acts directly upon the affected parts; allaying the itching, and absorbing the tumors, effecting a permanent cure in the worst form of piles.

Four Stores

IN ONE.

Clothing Department.

We have just remodeled our Clothing Room, which is at present one of the nicest and best fitted up clothing stores in town. We have at present one of the largest, the best and finest stock of ready-made clothing ever brought to Bellefonte, and can fit any one, young or old, with prices to suit everybody, rich and poor.

Carpet Department.

In addition to our two former rooms we have lately built a third room especially for carpets, and which we have already filled up with the largest stock, latest styles and best designs that have ever been seen in this town. We have them from the lowest to the highest price goods, and direct from the factory, and hope to be favored with an early call from any in need of such goods.

Dry Goods Department.

The Dry Goods Department is, as usual, filled with an immense stock, most of which will have to be closed out between this time and spring, therefore will be offered at greatly reduced prices.

Leather Department.

In our Leather Store you will always find the very best stock of all kinds of leather.

We also carry a full line of Gents' Furnishing Goods, Trunks, &c.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER,

High St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Bellefonte Republican.
BELLEFONTE, PA.
EDWARD T. TUTEN.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Resenting an Insult to his Wife.

BOSTON, Feb 25.—The musical nobility of Boston is this winter worshipping George Henshel and his symphony orchestra, which last night gave its eighteenth concert in Music Hall. George F Hall, commission merchant, has owned three seats on the floor, near the stage, which have been occupied by lady members of his family. The two adjoining seats have been occupied by Mr. Charles Eustis Hubbard, a lawyer, and his wife Hubbard has always sat next to Mrs. Hall, and the lady claims that his conduct has been insulting. Charity led her to think for a number of evenings that Hubbard's conduct was the result of nervousness, but last week she became convinced otherwise and informed her husband who is more muscular than the men of law. Mr. Hall arranged with his wife that he would wait in the lobby of Music Hall last evening while the concert was in progress, and that if the insult was repeated she should join him. Accordingly, in the middle of the last evening's performance Mrs. Hall left her seat and passed out of the hall. A moment later an usher informed Hubbard that a gentleman wished to see him in the lobby. With his hat under his arm arrayed in full evening dress, the unsuspecting lawyer ambled to the nearest door. No sooner had his eye glasses passed the portal than a stalwart fist shattered them, started the blood from his nose, which bespattered his shirt front, and carried away all of his teeth. There is no telling ing what would have followed had not all the ushers in the hall separated the angry husband and his victim. The police detail also took a hand and stilled the noise. Mr Hubbard persistently refused to make a compiaint, and no arrest was made. Mr. Hall used every effort to induce a complaint saying that he should be supremely happy to appear in court and ventilate Hubbard's conduct. He begged the officers to arrest him anyhow, but as there was no complainant, they were forced to refuse. Hubbard covering the wound on his face with his handkerchief, summoned his wife from her seat, and telling her that 'it was nothing," they got into their carriage, and were driven to their home as quickly and as quietly as possible. All the parties move in the highest circles, and live in the most aristocratic part of the Back Bay.

From Chicago.

CHICAGO, February 28.—A decision of importance to the board of trade brokers and their customers was made yesterday by Judge Moran, who held that a promissory note given in settlement of differences on the option of trades could not be collected, inasmuch as the deal was illegal and neither more nor less than gambling.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., February 28.—Court of appeals to-day decided that a note given in consideration of a difference in an option deal is not void in the hands of a bonafide holder, the note having been acquired before maturing and without notice of any illegality. This seems to be just opposite to the decision of Judge Moran, of Chicago, made yesterday.

Killed on the Railroad.

ALTOONA, February 28.—A telegram was received in this city yesterday conveying the painful intelligence to his friends in this city that Thomas Patterson, a former resident of Hollidaysburg was killed in an accident on the Erie railroad yesterday morning. The unfortunate victim was a son of Mr. William Patterson of Hollidaysburg, and was about 25 years of age. He went to Oil City about two years ago, and shortly afterwards was married to a young lady of that place. We did not learn any particulars concerning the manner in which he was killed.

Land Forgers in Prison.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 28.—John T. Morris, one of the noted gang of Missouri land forgers, and the man upon whose evidence largely Robert L. Lindsey was convicted in the courts of Jefferson county, Ohio, in December 20, and afterward sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of nine years, arrived in Steubenville yesterday, and was immediately arrested and lodged in jail. He was arrested with Lindsey in Missouri and taken to Steubenville and afterward released on bail and used as a witness to convict Lindsey.

Legislative Work.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 28.—The senate has passed the bill authorizing the Central railroad to increase its capital stock over the veto of the governor.

The governor this afternoon fixed March 30 as the day for the execution of Martin, the Newark murderer.

Gold.

ALBANY, N. Y., February 28.—During the past ten days claims to 43 gold mines discovered in this state were filed with the secretary of state.

Drowned.

CAIRO, Ill, February 28.—Two colored men who were driven from home by the flood and sought refuge in an old boat were drowned.

The Deficiency Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, February 24.—In the senate the immediate deficiency bill was taken up and passed without objection. Among the amendments adopted was one appropriating $60,000 for the expenses of the Garfield and Burnside funerals, and also one directing the use of the unexpended balance in the construction of the channel and breakwaters of the fishing battery below Havre De Grace, the latter having been favorably reported by the commerce committee to-day. During the discussion of the bill Mr. Beck protested against the government paying the traveling expenses of officers, and mentioned in this connection the recent trip of General Sherdan to Washington, who, he said, had traveled here to turn an efficient officer out of his place in the army to make a place for his (Sheridan's) aged father-in-law, who, by the general's effort, was then retired with the rank of brigadier. Mr. Allison replied that he did not think an officer like General Sherdan would charge the government when traveling on private business, and advised Mr. Beck to be sure of his facts before making allegations.

The Six Days Walking Match.

NEW YORK, February 26.—At 11 o'clock to night Madison Square garden was crowded with ladies and gentlemen to witness the opening of the six days go as you please walking match. A sacred concert by Gilmore's band preceded the opening. Among the earlier arrivals among the pedestrians were Fitzgerald and Hughes, accompanied by his wife, who will remain with him during the week. At 11:30 Rowell walked down the track by the scorer's stand to his quarters, receiving a volley of hand clapping as he passed along. After Hughes reached his quarters he added his consent to that already obtained from the other eight contestants, and it was decided that Hart should be allowed to enter. There was comparatively little betting before the start, Rowell being the favorite at 20 to 1. At 12 o'clock the men were started, all breaking into a run. Hughes led at the first lap, followed by Normac, Hart, Rowell, Scott, Vint, Fuzzerald, Hazel, Panchot and Sullivan in the order named. Hughes scored the first mile in six minutes and twenty five seconds, the others keeping their places but one lap behind.

Broken Banks.

ST LOUIS, Mo., February 26.—The *Republican* has advices stating that an investigation into the condition of the two banks which recently suspended at Marion, Mo., reveals the fact that not more than fifteen per cent. will be returned to the depositors and that Macon county will probably lose sixty thousand dollars. Public feeling against the officers of the bank is said to be very strong and threats against their personal safety have been made by several of the depositors.

A special from Gatesville, to-day says that a few days ago a mob in the western part of the county took a young man named Deering under arrest on suspicion of horse stealing from an officer and lynched him. Yesterday one hundred armed men from the neighborhood of the victim's home came into the town and demanded that the parties engaged in the lynching be arrested or they would take the law in their own hands. The sheriff then arrested Bob Senerett and his two sons and is now after several more of the lynching mob.

A Fatal Stabbing Affray.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 26.—At Etna, a small town above Allegheny city, last night a young man named William Beecher got into a dispute with a man, whose name is unknown, in regard to some work, when George Wolf, a German, who was under the influence of liquor, came up and interfered. The parties paid no attention to Wolf, who became greatly excited and drawing a large knife plunged it into Beecher's heart, killing him instantly. After the cutting a crowd rapidly collected and in the excitement that followed Wolf made his escape and has not yet been apprehended. He is a young man and has not been in this country a year. Beecher, the murdered man, was 23 years old and bore a good reputation.

Eating Ham.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., February 27.—Fred Ehlers, his wife and three children, living at 994 Houlton street, have been poisoned with trichinæ. One child has not been affected as yet. One of them, a young man, is fatally poisoned It is expected the others will also die.

Convention of the Land League.

BOSTON, February 28.—Reports state that the central council of the Irish national land league of the United States has called a general convention of that body to meet at Lincoln hall, Washington, D. C., April 12, 1882.

Burned to Death.

KEOKUK, Ia., February 28.—At Nauvoo, Ills., the house of John Welhemy caught on fire and his two little children, who had been left alone in the building, were burned to death.

NEW YORK, February 27.—The widow of Daniel Webster, the American statesman, died at the Leroy house, New Rochelle, last night. She was Mr. Webster's second wife.

Short Telegrams.

CHESTER, Pa., Feb. 26.—John Graham, one of the victims of the explosion at Jackson's pyrotechnic works, is in a critical condition and is not expected to live through the night. Others wounded at the same time are improving slowly, but several of them are not entirely out of danger yet.

Professor Samuel Jackson and Charles W. Vanhorn, his assistant, who were arrested last week, have been released on bail.

JOLIET, Ill, Feb. 28.—A freight car loaded with brick was ditched eight miles from here yesterday. Ten tramps were secreted in the van at the time. Two were killed outright and the others so badly injured that their lives are despaired of. The names of the unfortunates are unknown.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 28.—Reports continue to come in from all parts of the lower Mississippi, below Cairo, of a terrible state of things in consequence of the floods. Almost the entire lowland cotton region from Cairo to Vicksburg is either submerged or likely to be soon, and the damage there is already greater than ever known by any previous flood.

TRENTON, February 26.—Edward Moore, who was bitten by a rabid dog on the 2d instant and who was attacked with hydrophobia on Wednesday, died at noon yesterday. He had very few paroxysms and no violent convulsions. He slept quietly from 9 o'clock up to the time of his death.

ST. PETERSBURG, February 26.—Lieutenant Danenhauer, who is still suffering from a fracture of his eyes, has been forbidden by his physician to start for St. Petersburg until the weather gets warmer. The remainder of the survivors of the Jeannette will, therefore, start without him.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 26.—The trial of James Y. Christmas for the murder of William G. Whitney on the 25th of June last will begin to-morrow. Whitney was a son of Mrs. General Gaines and Christmas is her son in-law.

OCONOMOWOC, Wis., February 25.—Fredric Melchert died Friday from a disease transferred to his system by vaccination with a scab from the arm of one of his children.

ALBANY, N. Y., February 26.—Hon. R. H. Pruyn, minister to Japan under President Lincoln and candidate for lieutenant governor in 1865, died suddenly this afternoon.

PHILADELPHIA, February 28.—At the meeting of the committee of one hundred to day a committee was appointed to superintend the legislative campaign next fall.

RICHMOND, Va., February 28.—The bill appropriating $100,000 for the establishment of a colored normal school passed the house to-day and now goes to the governor.

SAN FRNCISCO, Feb. 28.—A Wilcox, Arizona, dispatch says: The president has refused executive clemency in the case of the three Indian scouts sentenced to be hanged at Fort Grant, March 3.

NEW YORK, February 28.—The score at 10 o'clock to-night stood: Rowell, 258; Noremac, 200; Fitzgerald, 211; Sullivan, 215; Hazael, 240; Hughes, 251; Hart, 217.

READING, Pa., February 27.—George Scholly was instantly killed to-day at the Reading iron works while engaged in welding pipe.

A Fatal Mistake.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 1.—At 1 o'clock this morning Dr. H. L. Willey, residing at No. 275 Manassess street, was awakened by his wife, who heard some one trying to open the back door. Shortly afterward a shadow appeared at the side window. The doctor fired at the object, thinking it a burglar on the outside, but which proved to be a young colored nurse who slept in the room, but had gone into the yard and returned in doors. The bullet from the pistol passed through her body and she will die.

A Severe Cyclone.

GALVESTON, March 1.—The *News'* Valley Mills special says a severe cyclone struck the place last night, almost completely destroying the town. Only one business house was left standing. Bunkman's hotel, a two story building, was carried some distance and smashed to pieces There were ten persons in the building at the time of the accident. All were injured; none seriously. No loss of life, but damage to property heavy.

A Denial.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 1.—The report of the outrage and murder of a young school teacher, near Salem, Adams county, this state, is false.

Anna Dickinson continues to draw large houses in the West. At one performance in Des Moines, Iowa, the receipts were $967, and two nights in Omaha netted $2,100. Miss Dickinson and her managers are, of course, delighted.

Queen Margaret of Italy has among the ladies of her court two Americans whose magnificent jewels almost eclipse the famous diamonds of the Roman Princesses. They are the Princess Trigiano Brancacci, nee Field, and the Princess Cenci, nee Spencer.

Mormon Memorial to Congress.

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 27.—The Legislature yesterday adopted a memorial to Congress, the opening paragraph of which is as follows:

We, your memorialists, the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, respectfully represent that in consequence of baseless rumors and monstrous exaggerations the people whom we represent have been placed in jeopardy, and are now threatened with the deprivation of the right of local self-government. Persons whose aim is to gain control of this now wealthy and prosperous Territory and manipulate its finances have succeeded in arousing the ire of the clergy, and through them the anger of many people against a large majority of the citizens of Utah, and thus a pressure has been brought to bear upon your honorable body which shows its effects in proposed measures containing provisions utterly at variance with the fundamental principles of republican government, and which, while ostensibly aimed at the marriage relations of but a small portion of the people, will, if carried into effect, deprive the whole Territory of the vested rights secured to it by the organization act and the Constitution of the United States.

The memorial then denies at great length everything ever charged against the Mormons, and accuses the representatives of the Federal Government in Utah of every species of wrongdoing possible to officers or men.

A Memento.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—About the time the memorial services were held for the late President Garfield at Washington, his family and friends intrusted to Mr. St. Gaudens, the sculptor of Faragut's statue, the work of casting in bronze the face and left hand of the deceased. The plaster cast used for the work is the only one in existence, and it was thought necessary to have it in bronze so that it could be kept forever as an historical memento. The moulding and casting in bronze were given to Messrs. E. Henry and Bounard, of this city, and they were successfully accomplished. The face casting weighs seven and one half pounds and the hand two and one-half pounds. After the performance of the operation the mould was broken as the work was done for the family. The cast of the face represents Garfield's features exactly as they were after death; showing traces of his sufferings. During the making of the mould and taking of the cast precautions were adopted so that no copies should be taken by any person.

A New Trial Refused.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 27.—Ward M'Conkey, one of the Deadman's Hollow outlaws, who first robbed the store of Geo. A. M'Clure, of McKeesport, in this county and then assassinated the owner while searching for his goods, was refused a new trial in the criminal court on Saturday morning and subsequently sentenced to be hanged. He received his sentence with the utmost indifference, and, while being conducted out of the court room, gave vent to a very audible laugh. He was a member of a notorious gang, but unfortunately his companions have escaped detection.

Drowned.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., February 27.—In Plantsville yesterday two girls, aged 7 and 9 years, and a boy, aged 13, children of John Collins, coasted down a hill and on a pond, when the rotten ice broke and the little girls were drowned in sight of their parents and a great crowd. The boy was with difficulty rescued, but his life is dispaired of. The bodies were recovered.

Death in a Mine.

READING, Pa., February 27.—Thos. Hoffman and Joseph Watson were instantly killed this afternoon at the Eckers iron ore mine, near this city. They went into the mine soon after a heavy blast and were crushed to death by ore and earth loosened by the blast falling upon them.

News from Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, February 27.—President Gonseale's physician in a card published in the *Diario of Iciel* denies the newspaper reports of the president's serious illness.

Three hundred of the Italian emigrants who arrived a few days ago are suffering from a malignant disease, of which twenty others died on the passage. The colony is being well cared for by the government.

Conkling.

NEW YORK, February 27.—Ex-Senator Conkling it still at the Fifth Avenue hotel, where he will remain for some days. It was learned to night that he has not yet officially informed the president of his decision as to his nomination as associate justice of the supreme bench, and it is understood that he will await the action of the senate before making known his decision.

Arrested.

NEW YORK, February 28.—George Barry Wall, the lawyer who was shot on Sunday in New Trecht, New York, made an ante mortem statement this evening before Judge Church, of Fort Hamilton, implicating his wife, who was thereupon soon arrested and committed to the town hall to await the result of his injuries, which it is believed will prove fatal.

BOSTON, Mass., February 27.—The 75th birthday of the poet Longfellow was observed at the public schools of Cambridge this afternoon.

The Kansas Pacific Railroad.

SALINA, Kan., March 1.—A convention of the county commissioners called to consider the relations between the Pacific railroad company and the state of Kansas, also the counties through which the road passes, in respect to the land granted by congress to the road, was held to-day. sixty delegates, representing sixteen counties, being present. A long preamble and resolutions were adopted, the principal points of which are an earnest demand on congress to compel the railroad company to complete its title to these lands and thereby make them bear their share of the public burden in the shape of taxes, a declaration that the present non-taxable condition of these lands is an outrage upon the popular government; an indignant protest against the influences which have so far succeeded in perpetuating this outrage; favoring the passage of the bill now before congress, and calling upon the entire delegation from Kansas to use their influence to have the great existing wrong remedied.

An Indian Ceremony.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 28.—F. H. Cushing, of the Ethnological Bureau of the Smithsonian Institute at Washington, was in this city yesterday accompanied by six chiefs of the Agricultural and Pastoral tribe of Pueblo Indians, located in western New Mexico about thirty-five miles south of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, and known as the Zunis. He is enroute to Washington and Boston by way of Chicago. The object of the trip is to enable the Zunis, who have a civilization similar to the ancient Toltec and Aztec peoples, to perform a religious ceremony which can only be performed at the ocean. The ceremony, in its minutest details, has been handed down from the past by tradition, but so old is it that not even their traditions say when it was last performed. It is an interesting scientific problem, therefore, when those people were on the shore of the ocean and at what point. The ceremony will probably be performed at Plymouth Rock.

Queen Victoria Shot At.

LONDON, March 2.—The press association says: Queen Victoria was shot at at Windsor railroad station to-day. She escaped unhurt.

LONDON, March 2—8 p. m.—There was a large crowd of spectators awaiting the queen's arrival at Windsor. The queen walked across the platform of the railway station to her carriage, which was waiting to take her to the castle. John Brown had already ascended to his seat behind the carriage, when a man standing at the entrance to the station yard, among a number of spectators, pointed a pistol at the carriage and fired. To judge from the report, the pistol was not heavily loaded. The queen, who was probably not aware what had happened, was immediately driven to the castle, but before she passed the man had been seized by the superintendant of the borough police, who was standing near by. He was also violently seized by the crowd and was only rescued from them when three or four policemen came to the superintendent's assistance. The pistol was captured by one of the crowd. The miscreant, who gave the name of MacLean, was miserably clad, and was conveyed to the police station in a cab.

As soon as the queen arrived at the castle she ordered an inquiry to proceed to the depot to inquire if anyone had been hurt. MacLean apparently intended firing again when the revolver was knocked from his hand by a bystander. Eton scholars were prominent in the attempt to lynch MacLean. Right Hon. Sir Henry Ponsonby, the queen's secretary, proceeded to the police station and obtained all the information possible.

Conkling's Confirmation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—The senate in executive session has confirmed the nomination of ex-Senator Conkling as associate justice of the supreme court; also that of ex-Senator Sargeant as minister to Germany.

The vote on Conkling's confirmation is understood to have been 39 yeas against 12 nays—eight democrats and four republicans, namely: Hoar, Dawes, Morrill and Hawley. Sargeant's nomination was confirmed without a division.

Death of a Professor.

PHILADELPHIA, February 26.—Rev. Dr. Casper R. Gregory, professor of sacred rhetoric in Lincoln university, Chester county, died this afternoon after a long and painful illness. He will be buried at Bridgeton, N. J., on Thursday, March 2.

Death on the Rail.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 2.—J. H. Snyder, of Middletown, was struck by a train at White House station this evening and instantly killed.

ARTICS, Gum Boots, Sandals, etc., at DOLL & MINGLE'S, Brockerhoff row.

STATE MENT UNDER OATH

"I HAVE been afflicted for twenty years with an obstinate skin disease, called by some St. D's or asis, and others Leprosy, commencing on my scalp, and, in spite of all I could do, with the help of the most skilful doctors, it slowly but surely extended until a year ago this winter it covered my entire person in form of dry scales. For the last three years I have been unable to do any labor, and suffering intensely all the time. Every morning there could be nearly a dustpanful of scales taken from the sheet on my bed, some of them half as large as the envelope containing this letter. In the latter part of the winter my skin commenced cracking pen. I tried everything, almost, that could be thought of, without any relief. The 12th of June I started West in hopes I could reach the Hot Springs. I reached Detroit, and was so low I thought I should have to go to the hospital, but finally got as far as Lansing, Mich., where I had a sister living. One Dr —— treated me about two weeks, but did me no good. All thought I had but a short time to live. I earnestly prayed to die. I oozed through the skin all over my back, across my ribs, arms, hands and limbs, feet badly swollen, toe nails came off, finger nails dead and hard as bone, hair dead dry and lifeless as old straw. Oh, my God! how I did suffer!

"My sister, Mrs E. H. Davis, had a small part of a box of Cuticura in the house. She would not give up; said 'We will try Cuticura.' Some was applied on one hand and arm. Eureka! there was relief; stopped the terrible burning sensation from the word go. They immediately got the Cuticura Resolvent (blood purifier), Cuticura and Cuticura Soap (the great skin cures). I commenced by taking one teaspoonful of Resolvent three times a day, after meals; had a bath once a day, water as hot as blood heat, used Cuticura soap freely; applied Cuticura ointment morning and evening. Result, returned to my home in just six weeks from the time I left, and my skin as smooth as this sheet of paper.

HIRAM E. CARPENTER,
Henderson, Jefferson Co., N. Y.

Sworn to before me this 19th day of January, 1880. A. M. LEFFINGWELL, Justice of the Peace.

Cuticura Remedies are for sale by all druggists. Price of Cuticura, a medicinal jelly, small boxes, 50c; large boxes, $1. Cuticura Resolvent, the new blood purifier, $1 per bottle. Cuticura Medicinal Toilet Soap, 25c; Cuticura Medicinal Shaving Soap, 15c; in bars for barbers and large consumers, 35c.; Principal depot. WEEKS & POTTER, Boston, Mass.

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A single dose instantly relieves the most violent Sneezing or Head Colds, clears the head as by magic, stops watery discharges from the nose and eyes, prevents ringing noises in the head, cures Nervous Headache and subdues chills and fever. In chronic catarrh it cleanses the nasal passages of foul mucus, restores the senses of smell, taste and hearing when affected, frees the head, throat and bronchial tubes of offensive matter, sweetens and purifies the breath, stops the cough and arrests the progress of catarrh towards consumption.

One bottle Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and Sanford's Inhaler, all in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure.

WEEKS & POTTER, Boston.

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ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Farmers up the Bald Eagle Valley are making preparations for beginning their spring plowing.

—Don't kick a fellow when he is down unless you are sure of your man or he might get up and thrash you soundly.

—Defeated candidates have cooled down somewhat, and in the course of a few weeks will probably conclude to remain in the party a while longer.

—Does it improve a man's chances of going to the legislature to become a corner loafer? If it does we have several first class candidates in Bellefonte.

—The *Journal* announces that Batchelor & Dorris' circus will exhibit in Lock Haven May 2d. It's rather rough to keep the boys in agony two months.

—The Williamsport *Banner* thinks Don. Cameron *may be* re elected United States Senator. Don. will show these fellows what kind of a "May Bee" he is when the time comes.

—New peas are selling at $6.00 per crate in New York. A critical examination of our wallet this morning revealed thirty seven cents in cash, a brass trunk key and a last year's tax receipt. Of course, further comment is unnecessary.

—The residents of Linn street were treated to an alleged serenade one night by an amateur male quarette. If the members have any regard for the comfort of our citizens they'll substitute a dash churn for the man who sings bass immediately.

—The Y. M. C. A. reports the attendance at the rooms during February as follows: Visitors at the men's reading room, 376; at boys' room, 482; at Monday night meetings, average, 70; books taken from library, 145; meetings at the jail, two.

—It has been remarked that the public school building might be kept in a much neater condition than it is. A glance at the sidewalk and entrances to the yard and building certainly does convey the impression that the janitor is not a champion of cleanliness.

—Disgusted Republicans in Bellefonte can find some consolation in the fact that Millheim, the "Missi-sippi" of Centre county, elected a Republican burgess. Wonder if the Philadelphia *Times* will remark again, when it hears of it, that "the Independents are abroad this year."

—The wife of Jacob Gingerick, near Centre Hall, died on Saturday night, February 25, and was buried Tuesday at Zion. She was about fifty years old. About three weeks ago she caught a bad cold which ended in pneumonia. She was a hard working woman and her death will be a great loss to the community in which she has lived.

—We are in receipt of a very pretty piece of music, called the "Kishicoquillas Waltz," composed by J. F. Beck of this place. This piece of music will no doubt become quite a favorite, as it is in good waltz time and not difficult to play, at the same time being of a very pleasant and melodious character. It is published and for sale at Bunnel's Music Store, Bellefonte.

—The farmers of Chester county protect their sheep by putting a goat or two in the flock. A goat is equal to four dogs. Would it not be a good plan for Centre county farmers to try this method of saving their sheep from the depredations of sheep killing dogs? If any of them think a goat wont butt let them ask Willi[illegible]ler, E-q, at the Brockerhof[illegible] He knows all about it as he [illegible] there.

—We see by the *Journal* [illegible] Sankey, Dem., for Burgess, of [illegible]burg did not have as good [illegible] John Power did here. Sanke[illegible] candidate for re-election, [illegible] beaten by his Republican opponent, A. H. Smith. We also notice that our old friend H O. Hoffer is elected to the council. Hiram will make a good councilman for he has been there before. William P. Duncan, another former Bellefonter, is also elected as councilman.

—The subscribers of our local journals have good reasons to complain at the carelessness of the several carrier boys in this town. Over a year ago one of our contemporaries put on a new carrier boy and he commenced throwing the papers over fences, sometimes many feet from the house. Many of the papers must have been lost. Soon after we found that our boys were following the pernicious example set by the boy of our neighbor's. We have three carriers and the evil example started as stated above has given us no end of trouble. We would advise our neighbors to examine into this matter and correct the evil. We are sure it will contribute to their success.

THE LATE JUDGE LEAS.

We copy the following account of the death of Judge Leas, the father of Mrs. W. V. Emery, now of Williamsport, but soon to become a resident of Bellefonte. Mr. Emery is one of the proprietors of the nail works of this place. The sad event occurred on Friday, the 24th ult.

The Huntingdon *Globe* of last week has the following: The community was startled on Friday morning by the announcement that Hon. William B. Leas, of Shirleysburg, had suddenly died on the cars while on his way to this place. In company with his daughter Belle, he left his home in Shirleysburg in good health apparently, and took passage on the East Broad Top train for Mount Union. Arriving there, he walked to the Pennsylvania railroad depot, and boarded the Philadelphia express, and had not been in his seat very long until his head fell back and he expired. Heart disease caused his death. Upon the arrival of the train at this place, his inanimate body was taken to the residence of K. Allen Lovell, Esq., his son-in-law, and after being prepared for burial, was sent back to his late home in the afternoon.

Judge Leas had lived in this county for probably half a century, and was one of its wealthiest, most widely known and respected citizens. He was engaged in the tanning business, being a member of the firm of Leas & McVitty, and was a prominent member of the Pennsylvania tanners' association. He was one of the stockholders of the Union bank of Huntingdon, and was on his way to this place to attend a meeting of the stockholders when death overtook him. Starting in life poor, by close application to business and good management, he amassed a large fortune. The only political office he ever held, we believe, was the associate judgeship, having been elected in 1860. Judge Leas adhered to the Baptist faith, and was a prominent and influential member of the church, taking an active interest in its affairs, and giving liberally to its support. He was aged 70 years, and leaves a wife, four daughters and a son to mourn his sudden death.

His funeral took place at Shirleysburg on Sunday afternoon, and was very large notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, persons being present from Huntingdon, Mt. Union, Orbisonia and the surrounding country. The services were held in the Baptist church, and were conducted by Revs. D. W. Hunter, Kidder and J. R. Strayer, who delivered appropriate addresses. R. Milton Speer, C. C. North, S. E. Henry, Samuel McVitty, David Barrick, Jas. North, John Lutz and John X. Lutz acted as pall-bearers.

A Bird Execution.

The Blossburg *Register* is responsible for the following account of the execution, by hanging, of a sparrow by the mates:

A number of gentleman last Wednesday noon were the witnesses of a very curious proceeding. On the sign in front of the Keystone clothing house were gathered a large number of our common street sparrows. By the busy actions of the birds it was evident that something unusual was about to transpire. On the cornices of the building could be seen different groups, all apparently engaged in the discussion of some subject of grave importance. Every now and then one would fly off, generally returning with some friends to increase the number of those already assembled. The spectators watched the progress of the affair with a lively curiosity, as the actions of the birds were remarkable in the extreme. At last matters seemed to have been brought to a climax; the different groups separated and gathered in a [illegible] comes. Upon [illegible]e sign [illegible] were [illegible]oozing [illegible]ore ap[illegible] by the [illegible]nter of [illegible]e sur[illegible]de no [illegible]mained suspended in the air. A close scrutiny revealed the fact that one end of a long horsehair was fastened around his neck, the other end being held in the mouth of the sparrow above. It gradually became apparent to the bystanders that they were witnessing the execution of a bird felon. After he had remained suspended in this position a few moments, a great uproar arose, and the culprit was allowed to depart. It is presumed that a stay of proceedings was granted on the plea of temporary insanity.

—Colonel D. H. Hastings has purchased the handsome iron-gray horse formerly owned by Mr. Geo. W. Jackson, thereby displaying his good judgment of horseflesh. The animal is both stylish and speedy, and some are of the opinion that the Colonel intends making a sensation on the turnpike drive next summer.

—The fashion editor of the NEWS, who has just returned from Paris, says the coming spring bonnet resembles a crow's nest tarred and feathered.

Items from Millheim.

Centre County to John Spangler.

Dr.	
To removing fish baskets in Elk Creek	$32 50
" " Penns Creek	49 50
" " Pine Creek	12 25
Total	$94 25

It is simply no such a thing. I am told by persons who profess to know that no fish baskets have been removed by Sheriff Spangler or any one else during the year 1881 in any of the above named streams. I think about the nearest they came to the creek was to Stover's Hotel at Coburn.

We hear of a very successful musical convention having been held in Rebersburg last week under the direction of Prof. J. A. Weaver.

No hope is entertained for the recovery of Charles Whitney, the man who attempted suicide at Penn Hall a short time ago. [Whitney died on Saturday, the 25th ult.—ED.]

John D. Foot, one of our stanchest Republicans and business men, has been confined to the house for some time. Hope he may soon recover.

We are glad to announce that the dreaded disease, scarlet fever, has entirely died out in this place. Only one case—a bright little son of Mr. D. I. Brown—having died with it.

An interesting protracted meeting is in progress in what is known as the furnace in this place. RUFUS.

MILLHEIM, Feb. 25, 1882.

—We find the following excellent advice in the Williamsport *Banner*, and we copy it because it should be heeded by many people in this county who never seem to realize that they are doing wrong until they have done some mean act or committed some crime which calls for attention from the press. The *Banner* says:

"Some men practice all sort of dishonesty, fraud, deceit, and everything almost that will make a man less a man. They seem to have no compunction of conscience, no regard for their honor or reputation, and no care for the future as long as they think that their actions are hid from the rest of their fellow men. But just the moment their actions are discovered, how quickly do they become jealous of their good names? They will all at once have such high respect and regard for their families and friends that they do not wish anything printed or said about their own bad conduct for fear it will come to the ears and grieve the hearts of those that care for them. Now our advice to all persons is to think of their good name before they lose it, and to build up a reputation that will bear the scrutiny of a critical world.

—We give this bit of news for the benefit of those who claim to believe that all that corporations, and especially railroads, care for, is to fleece money from the people:

The Pennsylvania railroad company will accept nothing from the general government or from any other quarter for its services in conveying the late President Garfield from Washington to Elberon and the subsequent removal of his body to Cleveland.

All through that trying time the Pennsylvania railroad company seemed ready in every time of need to do all in its power to assist the afflicted family and people, as though it had a great warm heart, brim full of tenderness and sympathy.

—D. G. Ganoe, the skunk slayer, is out on six hundred dollars bail. Many have expressed surprise that he should have been released on so small a bond. Perhaps if the jail had been in better condition he would not have got off so easy, but Mr. Ganoe is in feeble health, and a very gentlemanly, good-hearted fellow with all his faults. Sheriff Dunkle, who has a kind heart, could not confine him in the jail while it is in its present condition, therefore, kept him in a room in his own house. We do not know whether this had anything to do with the light bail or not, but it might have had. The jail should be cleansed at once.

—There are some other counties that have to pay well for scalps as well as Centre. We learn that it cost Huntingdon county seventeen hundred and thirty-five dollars and ten cents to kill foxes, owls, hawks, skunks and wildcats last year. We think it cost too much, and the best thing the people of the state could do would be to repeal the law giving bounties.

—Will wonders ever cease? We learn from our Millheim correspondent that that borough is enjoying the luxury of a Republican 'Mayor,' which leads him to think there is hope for that side of the mountain. Look at the comparison: Millheim with a Republican burgess and Bellefonte with a Democrat head to its borough government.

—Some country editors are finding out, as we did long ago, that it does not pay to send a two dollar paper to a two cent man, especially when the latter is too sensitive about paying for it in advance.

—Eggs are plenty in Blair county at twenty cents a dozen.

—This is the first month of Spring; also the month of beastly winds, sand showers and freckles.

—Centre county owes Harper Brothers, of Bellefonte, twenty one thousand dollars.

—Lawn parties, it is said, are going to be unusually popular hereabouts next summer. First, find your lawn.

—They began to build six new houses on Reservoir Hill a few days ago. Mr. Perry Steele is doing the stone work.

—They are building a new Presbyterian church at Tyrone. They commenced the excavation on the last day in February.

—A citizens' ticket was elected in Huntingdon borough at the late election.

—The Lock Haven School Board consists of twelve members, six Republicans and six Democrats.

—A son of Henry Eisenhuth, of Coburn, mistook his thumb for a piece of wood and chopped it off one day recently.

—The lawns and yards on Linn and other streets in town are beginning to don the green and look very refreshing to weak eyes.

—Fannie, infant child of J. Newton Holmes, editor of the Tyrone *Times*, died on Friday, February 24. She was an only child. Death was caused by an affection of the brain.

—Railroad business at the Mill Hall station on the B. E. V. is increasing rapidly. The station will shortly have telephonic communication with Bellefonte and Lock Haven.

—Between one and two hundred cars loaded with coal are carried over the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad every day. This is a heavier traffic than has been for many years, if indeed it ever was so heavy.

—There were eighteen Hungarians confined in the lock-up at Lock Haven one night recently. They were direct from Hungary and said they were bound for Snow Shoe to work in the coal mines.

—Our sportsmen had better be cleaning up their shooting irons and preparing for the harvest. Wild pigeons are flying in various parts of the State, but none have as yet been seen in Centre, to our knowledge.

—The following Centre county cases were decided in the Supreme Court last week: McQuillen vs. Singer Sewing Machine Company; judgment reversed. Kunes vs. Spangler; judgment affirmed.

—March did not come in like a lamb, nor yet like a lion, which is decidedly unfortunate, as we are now left in the dark as to whether she will scoot out like a tame doe or a howling chimpanzee.

Honors to a Bellefonte Boy.

While on duty in Cameron county a few days ago, I had the pleasure of attending a Convention of The Bennett's Branch Sunday School Association, held at Grant Station, in Elk county.

The territory covered by this association includes parts of Cameron, Elk and Clearfield counties. All of the Sunday schools within its bounds co-operate. The organization has been in operation about eight years and affords a practical illustration of the truth that Christians of different religious denominations can work in harmony together.

It is still exerting a great influence for good in that section.

J. B. Eberhart, formerly a faithful member of the Lutheran Sunday school in Bellefonte, was elected President of the association for the ensuing year. R. C.

William Jones' Opinion of One of his Tenants.

Some months ago there moved into his town from Milesburg a man by the name of Thomas B. Harvey. He secured shelter from the rude blasts of winter in a house on East Lamb street belonging to the estate of Mrs. Ruth Ward, of which Wm. Jones, Esq, is agent. Billy thinks he is so sharp that he can collect rents or taxes from most anyone. Harvey does not like work although he has a numerous family, but belongs to that growing class of citizens commonly known as "dead beats." Soon after his advent upon Lamb street back yard fences began to disappear, and even some that were not so back, until Dr. Hayes, who has a large lot in that vicinity, around which was a good fence, was forced to take it home to save it. Harvey is always going to work, but he never gets there. Some time ago he went to a certain preacher in town and said, "I am in need of money. I work at Morris' lime kiln. They pay on the twentieth of every month. If you will loan me some to relieve my present wants I will pay it back to you on pay day." The unsuspecting preacher loaned the money and was called upon again and again before the mythical pay-day came round, and to each call responded. He has not been paid yet and what is more, this unblushing scoundrel has the impudence to meet him with a grin. Mr. Simmons, a poor produce peddler, was in town one day selling some produce to a wealthy lady, when Harvey happened to come along. "Well now, that is a nice crock of butter; how much is it?" The price was given. "I have been without for two days. I work at the car works. I will take this and will go home and get the money and leave it with this lady." He went, and that is the last poor Simmons saw of his crock or butter, the pay of course he never will see. Some days ago he saw some furniture that a lady in town wanted to sell. He bought the furniture, said he was at work on the new Centre County Bank building at two dollars and a half per day, and for his honesty and ability referred her to William Jones. The lady allowed him to take the furniture away. Some time after she met Mr. Jones and asked him if he knew a man by the name of Harvey. "Oh, yes," says Jones, "know him to my sorrow. He lives in one of my houses. He won't pay his rent. He is a fraud, thief, liar, scoundrel, and I am going to fire him out of that just as soon as I can. Know him," repeated Billy with a chuckle, "Oh, yes, I know that 'duffer.' Why he is pretending to work everywhere, but he won't work. He knows a trick worth two of that. He can live without work. The above facts we obtained from Mr. William Jones, with the request that we should warn the people of the town and county against him; that he is unworthy of sympathy; in fact that he is a professional "dead beat."

Another Tax Payer Heard From

MR. EDITOR—*Dear sir:* I see in your paper that the publication of Sheriff Spangler has caused a great commotion amongst the Tax Payers. I thought there was some crookedness in the very first charge, where there is four days boarding charged for Amanda Dunlap, Lunatic. She was taken to the *jail* after night, and was put on the cars next morning. This discrepancy of three days board seemed to be but a small matter to make a public expose of, and I thought it better to *interview* the Sheriff in regard to it. I said, "Sheriff how is it that you charge four days boarding for Mrs. Dunlap when she was there only over night?" "Well you see it was this way, you fellers prudent give her *nosen* to eat up *dure* and she was brot to the *jail* cold and hungry. So I put her in a *fedder bed* and give her a (4) days ration, and she eat it all that night and the next morning. That is the way that matter stands." The cant given to his spectacles and the force of the explanation at the time satisfied me that he could answer all questions in connection with that whole bill as published. A TAX PAYER.

Veteran Dinges.

Of Mr. Jonas Dinges, the veteran engineer, who for sixteen years made daily visits to Bellefonte on his iron horse, the Lock Haven *Journal* says:

Mr. Jonas Dinges, late a resident of this city, was here yesterday to visit his sister, Mrs. Gephart, who is from Kansas. Mr. Dinges ran an engine on the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad for sixteen years, and twenty-one years, in all, of his life, have been spent on the locomotive. In conversation with a *Journal* reporter yesterday Mr. Dinges said that he had been in a number of wrecks, and three times upset with his engine. The last experience of this kind occurred near Curtin Station, where he and his engine went off the rails and down an embankment. Mr. Dinges is running on the Morrisdale branch with headquarters at Philipsburg.

Truth Attested.

Some Important Statements of Well-Known People Wholly Verified.

In order that the public may fully realize the genuineness of the statements, as well as the power and value of the article of which they speak, we publish herewith the *fac simile* signatures of parties whose sincerity is beyond question. The truth of these testimonials is absolute, nor can the facts they announce be ignored.

PHILIPSBURG, N. J., June 18, 1881.

Messrs. H. H. Warner & Co:

GENTLEMEN—I have been afflicted with kidney troubles for years, and in October last it culminated in Bright's Disease. I was confined to my bed for several months, and had given up all hope or desire to recover, when I began the use of your Remedy. It gave me immediate relief, and I am now and have been since the 1st of April, constantly engaged at my business, which I owe to your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure. The doctors all thought I was going to die, and when I improved so fast, several of the neighbors called in wonder to see me, and many of my friends are using your remedies.

H. A. Heckman

Commander of Heckman's Star Brigade.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 8, 1881.

W. H. Warner & Co., Rochester, N. Y.

GENTLEMEN: Having received from the use of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure very marked benefit, I can cordially recommend it to others.

Rendrick

(D.D., Professor of Greek in the Rochester University and New Testament reviser).

Thousands of equally strong endorsements—many of them in cases where hope was abandoned—have been voluntarily given, showing the remarkable power of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure, in all diseases of the kidneys, liver or urinary organs. If any one who reads this has any physical trouble, remember the great danger of delay. 13-48-3yrs

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W. P. Duncan & Co.,

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PATENT WATER WHEEL,

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INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

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FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER.

Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD—Time Table Jan. 23, 1882.

WESTWARD.	Exp.	Mail
	A.M	P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	4 05
Flemington	5 29	4 10
Mill Hall	5 32	4 14
Beech Creek	5 43	4 26
Eagleville	5 47	4 31
Howard	5 54	4 41
Mount Eagle	6 03	4 49
Curtin	6 08	4 54
Milesburg	6 15	5 04
Bellefonte	6 25	5 14
Milesburg	6 25	5 24
Snow Shoe Int.	6 34	5 37
Unionville	6 48	5 37
Julian	6 52	5 46
Martha	7 10	5 53
Port Matilda	7 18	6 07
Hannah	7 26	6 15
Fowler	7 30	6 17
Bald Eagle	7 40	6 28
Vail	7 45	6 34
Arriv at Tyrone	7 55	6 46
EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 30
East Tyrone	7 37	8 37
Vail	7 40	8 40
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 45
Hannah	7 57	8 57
Port Matilda	8 05	9 05
Martha	8 13	9 17
Julian	8 23	9 26
Unionville	8 33	9 37
Snow Shoe Int.	8 42	9 47
Milesburg	8 45	9 50
Bellefonte	8 55	1 00
Milesburg	9 05	10 10
Curtin	9 15	10 20
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 25
Howard	9 26	10 35
Eagleville	9 36	10 45
Beech Creek	9 40	10 50
Mill Hall	9 52	11 02
Flemington	9 55	11 05
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	11 10

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Jan 23, 1882.

Leaves Snow Shoe 5.00 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 6.55 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.12 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.00 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.30 p. m., arrives Bellefonte 4.10 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 5.45 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 7.25 p. m.

S. S. BLAIR, General Sup't

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, Dec. 19, 1881:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	11 55 p m	
" " Harrisburg	4 25 a m	
" " Williamsport	8 40 a m	
" " Jersey Shore	9 00 a m	
" " Lock Haven	9 40 a m	
" " Renovo	11 05 a m	
" arr at Erie	7 45 p m	
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia	8 00 a m	
" " Harrisburg	12 15 p m	
" arr. at Williamsport	3 25 p m	
" " Lock Haven	4 20 p m	
" " Renovo	5 45 p m	
" " Kane	10 05 p m	
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at	5 25 p m	
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia	11 20 a m	
" " Harrisburg	3 05 p m	
" " Williamsport	7 10 p m	
" arr at Lock Haven	8 10 p m	
EASTWARD.		
LOCK HAVEN EXP. leaves L. H.	7 50 a m	
" " Williamsport	05 a m	
arr at Harrisburg	12 55 p m	
" " Philadelphia	5 15 p m	
ADY EXP. leaves Kane	6 00 a m	
" " Renovo	10 05 a m	
" " Lock Haven	11 15 a m	
" " Williamsport	12 15 p m	
" arr at Harrisburg	3 30 p m	
" " Philadelphia	7 05 p m	
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie	11 35 a m	
" " Renovo	9 00 p m	
" " Lock Haven	10 10 p m	
" " Williamsport	11 30 p m	
" arr at Harrisburg	3 00 a m	
" " Philadelphia	7 00 a m	
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport	12 15 a m	
" arr at Harrisburg	3 15 a m	
" " Philadelphia	7 00 a m	

Erie Mail and Fast Line West and Pacific Express East make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R.R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Niagara Express West and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with R. E. V. R.R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. R. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Day Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains

ROBT. NEILSON, Gen'l Supt.

FANCY SLIPPERS for the holidays at DOLL & MAGLE'S.

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Trains going west Friday carried a large number of raftmen.

—The wheat fields in Penns Valley, with one or two exceptions, are said to be looking finely.

—The next meeting of the State Teachers' Association will be held at Pottsville on the 5th, 6th and 7th of July.

—Ladies will don the vail this month to prevent their dear phizes becoming disfigured by the "horrible freckles, you know."

—The McVeytown *Journal* has entered upon its tenth volume, which looks as though Editor Cooney had drifted into a prosperous channel.

—Judging from the manner in which fences shook and windows and shutters rattled, Friday was the opening day of the "windy term."

—Philipsburg's new laundry is now in operation. If it proves a success it will be apt to knock the starch out of the other washer-women over there.

—Superintendent McKnight, of the gas works, is making some repairs to pipes on lower end of High street. That's right. Such a valuable article as Bellefonte gas ought not to be allowed to escape.

—The many new industries that are springing up in Bellefonte are causing the leading men in neighboring towns to open their eyes with a snap. And well they may. Bellefonte is booming ahead to the front.

—A thunder storm on the 2d of March is rather an unusual occurrence and yet a storm of this nature passed to the south of us on Thursday night last about 11 o'clock. The sky in that direction was intensely black at that hour, and the rumbling thunder was distinctly heard in Bellefonte.

—The *Centre Democrat* would like to know our reasons for singling out Mr. Olie Meek of the School Board to look after the interests of the colored department of the public schools. Because—an' yez list'nin?—Mr. Meek was elected in place of Mr. Mills, the colored candidate. That's why. Give us a harder one next time.

—Mr. Wash. Reese, cigar maker and West ward Assessor elect, would like to see a good base ball club organized for the coming summer. Wash's knowledge of the national game is pretty considerable, and with eight other equally good players Bellefonte could be represented by a nine which would not be ashamed to go away from home once in a while.

—A good many people in Bellefonte seem to be of the opinion that alleyways were made exclusively for throwing old fruit cans, coal-ashes and diseased hams into, but this is a great mistake. Alleys, as well as borough streets, were constructed for the accommodation of the greatest of all nuisances, strolling cows and swine. Thought everybody knew that.

—The Brockerhoff pavement, on High street side, is in a miserable condition, and has been so for many months. There is a large mud-hole near the corner, into which pedestrians often walk after dark, very much to their discomfort, which is putting it mild. A few shovels full of gravel or cinder would remedy the difficulty.

—Once more we caution people against throwing their waste paper and old baskets into the streets, to be blown about by the winds and distributed in other people's yards. Flying paper has been the cause of several serious runaways in Bellefonte, and will be the cause of many more if the practice of making the streets a receptacle of odds and ends is not abated.

—Cooney, of the McVeytown *Journal*, was elected a member of Council at the late election. His majority was 1. Supposing some voter had had the colic and was unable to visit the polls that day, what would have become of Cooney then? But we refrain from saying anything further in this strain. We ran for an office ourself last fall, and didn't come within seven miles of making it.

—A special train, having on board several prominent railroad officials, paid Bellefonte a visit on Friday. The party gave the station building and race adjoining a thorough inspection, from which it is believed that the object of their visit was to examine into the existing state of affairs with the view of furnishing our citizens with better depot accommodations. We hope that such may be the case, for no town on the line of the road is more in need of such an improvement than Bellefonte.

Newspaper Beats.

In one of our small villages some time ago an occurence happened which no doubt portrays correctly the method by which many men obtain their news, and it is the same method by which Thomas B. Harvey, late of Milesburg, now of Lamb street, Bellefonte, obtains his entire living for himself and family—that is, by sponging it. It was evening, and our subject, after standing with his back to the fire until he was comfortably warmed through, stepped behind the counter, walked along to where the postoffice boxes were with the remark: "Has the Squire's paper come yet? I want to read the news a little before I go home." It had been a constant practice for him to take the papers from the office, read them through, then place them back. But this evening the store keeper seemed disposed to check the annoyance, so he said: "Can't let you see it to-night, Tom; government has issued orders that any postmaster who allows a subscriber's paper to be taken from the office to be read by a person who is not entitled to it will lose his position." "No! You don't tell me! It is a put-up job—a 'damned' conspiracy between those newspaper men and the gov'ment to keep the masses in ignorance, so they can domineer it over the community. It is drifting right into despotism jes' as fast as it can. How in the thunder is a man to know what is going on in Centre county and the balance of the world if he don't read, and now the government is set in' down on all ideas of eddication an' takin' away that privilege." "Oh, not so bad as that, Tom;" said the postmaster. "The government does not say anything against your subscribing for a paper yourself. Now why do you not do so. Here for years you have been reading papers which other men have paid for—others who are not so well able as you are yourself to spend money for things they do not need absolutely. You have two nice farms and money at interest. You could take all the papers in the county and be no poorer at the end of the year, while you would feel more independent and be more respected by your neighbors. Then, again, you have a family who are not allowed to read unless some neighbor kindly loans them a paper, while you selfishly sponge yours." "Well, hold on now, you are pretty good at preaching. You say I have money, but how did I get it—not by wasting it," becoming earnest. "Subscribe for a paper! What d'ye take me for! D'ye s'pose I am goin' to subscribe for papers that I've read for years right here by the stove without costin' me a cent! No, Sir, I ain't going to help em to oppress me by keeping me in ignorance. No, Sir-e-e." And having got a lot of cheap plug tobacco put on the slate, he started home a thoroughly oppressed citizen.

Hogs on the Rampage.

For the past week or ten days a couple of mischievous pigs, one spotted with black, have been prowling about East Linn street and vicinity, forcing open gates, and in some instances rooting up turf and destroying the roots of shrubbery. This sort of thing will not much longer be tolerated, and right here we wish to inform the owner that if he doesn't take care of his swine, and that quickly, somebody else will who will not be particular as to treatment, as we heard a man remark the other day, who has been greatly annoyed by these same grunters, that should they enter his enclosure again it is his intention to pepper their bristly backs with a pound or two of buck shot. And we are not sure but that this is the most practical mode of procedure in such aggravating cases as these. The people of Bellefonte have been imposed upon by the hog and cow nuisance year after year, and if the borough authorities have not the power to prevent it, and it seems they haven't, then the citizens must take the matter into their own hands and protect their property the best way they can. Arm and at them!

—The strike at the Mill Hall Axe Works is practically at an end. A number of the most skillful workmen have withdrawn from the labor organization and again entered the employ of the Messrs. Mann, and it is thought that others will follow their example. We understand the proprietors made some concessions to the men to induce them to withdraw from the organization.

—Lock Haven's new daily, the *Evening Express*, published by Kinsloe Brothers, was launched upon the sea of journalism on Wednesday. It is the same size as the *Journal*, neatly printed and newsy, and begins life with a good advertising patronage. If Lock Haven can support two dailies, we see no reason why the *Express* should not prove a success.

—The Mill Hall furnace is again in full blast.

The Lenten Season.

The following circular letter, containing instructions for fasting during Lent, has been issued. We publish it because it is peculiar and interesting:

1. All the faithful who have completed their twenty-fifth year are, unless legitimately dispensed, bound to observe the fast Lent.

2. They are to make only one meal a day, excepting Sundays.

3 The meal allowed on fast days is not to be taken until about noon.

4. Flesh, meat and fish are not to be used at the same meal during Lent.

5. A small refreshment, commonly called a collation, is allowed in the evening, not to exceed the fourth part of an ordinary meal.

6 At the collation it is permitted to use bread, all kinds of fruits, salads and vegetables. The use of butter, cheese, milk and eggs is also tolerated by virtue of long established custom.

7. General usage has made it lawful to take in the morning some warm liquid, as tea, coffee or thin chocolate made with water, and a mouthful of bread.

8. Necessity and custom have authorized the use of hog's lard instead of butter, in preparing permitted food.

9. The following persons are exempted from the obligation of fasting: Persons under twenty-one years of age, the sick, nursing women, those who are obliged to do hard labor, all who, through weakness, cannot fast without great prejudice to their health.

10 By dispensation the use of fresh meat will be allowed at all meals on Sunday, and once a day on Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays of Lent.

11 The faithful are reminded that, besides the obligations of fasting imposed by the Church this holy season of Lent should be, in an especial manner, a time of earnest prayer of sorrow for sin, of seclusion from the world and its amusements, and of generous alms-giving.

12. The paschal time extends from the first Sunday of Lent till Trinity Sunday, during which time all Catholics who have attained the use of reason are bound to prepare themselves to receive worthily the holy communion. The holy season of Lent is a very proper time, also, for children to go to their first confession, which they ought to do generally when about 7 years of age. Parents should see to this.

About Clover Seed.

Our farmers will be interested in the following in regard to sowing clover seed, from an exchange:

"Don't sow the clover seed too early. A few favorable days may sprout it, and then a snap of severe weather kill a large portion. Our own best successes in securing a "good catch" have been by waiting until the weather became settled, say about the middle of April, then harrowing the wheat completely, sowing the seed immediately behind the harrow, and following with the roller. It is quite possible that in many wheat fields the open winter will have so "heaved" the ground that it will do to dispense with the harrowing. In this case we should sow the seed upon the land just as it was left by the frosts, and follow with the roller."

—Officers Montgomery and Morgan arrested two burly lumbermen last Tuesday night and locked them in the fort on water street. One of them was behaving indecently at the bridge over the race near the depot when the officer cautioned him that such conduct would not be allowed. He was immediately met with Tweed's famous query, "What are you going to do about it?" The officers immediately arrested him, when he called upon his friend, who came to his assistance. Bystanders took hold to help the officers, and after some difficulty the men were safely landed in the sweat box. The next morning Burgess Powers gave them a hearing, imposed a fine and let them go with a reminder that they would have to behave themselves while they remained in the town. The same two men made things lively in Philipsburg last week without molestation, but they soon found that our Mayor does not run things that way.

—We see by the *Star of Hope* that Centre county was represented at the state convention of the Prohibition party which met at Altoona a few days ago by Christian Buck and Thomas L. Taylor, of Unionville; B. B. Else, of Milesburg, Henry Jodings and J. A. Woodcock. The ticket put in nomination was: For Governor, Dr. A. C. Pettitt, of Lawrence county; for Lieutenant governor, Albion Williams, of Chester county: Secretary of Internal Affairs, Ezra Crossman, of McKean county; Judge of Supreme Court, S. P. Chase, of Susquehanna county. This is the first ticket in the field; now all these gentleman have to do is to elect it next fall.

—The following extract is taken from an English school book, which shows what the little "Johnny Bulls' are taught about the United States. "The Americans are characterized by the good and bad qualities that naturally spring from a pure democracy. They are active, enterprising, acute and brave. Much attention is paid to education in the States. They can boast of some very distinguished men in science and letters."

Trying to Screen the Ex-Sheriff.

The *Watchman* is very anxious to throw dust in the eyes of the people over the shortcomings of some Democratic officials, especially ex-Sheriff Spangler, by making a great howl about ex-Commissioner Gregg. It says, why did Mr. Gregg vote to pay these bills? We have answered this query once, at least in part. We considered it foolish for the Democratic papers or officials to attempt to throw blame upon Mr. Gregg alone for any act of the last board of commissioners. He was but one of three, and of course could only protest if anything was going contrary to his wishes or conception of right and duty. It is true that Mr. Gregg did one year draw more money from the treasury than his wages amounted to, but there was no attempt to conceal the fact, no attempt to defraud the county out of one cent, and when he came to settle his account finally there was nothing for Mr. Gregg to pay back. The *Watchman* also wants to know "why Mr. Hewes the Republican auditor, protested against correcting Mr. Spangler's account. If Mr. Hewes did such a thing we have no defence to make for him. We know that a great many Republicans think he is very much under Democratic influences, and is no better, nor even as good at the investigating business as a Democrat would be in his place. In fact, it is the almost universal opinion of Republicans, as far as we have heard them express an opinion, that they are "skunked" in their auditor. But be all this as it may, we want the *Watchman* to understand that we do not favor, nor will we attempt to screen, anyone for wrong doing, whether Republican or Democrat. What the tax payers of this county want is honest public servants, and if they cannot find them among the Democratic county ring, and the ring is so strong that none others can be nominated, we would advise them to try Republicans for a while. We do not think this line of argument on the part of the *Watchman* is honest, Mr. Gregg's accounts, like Mr. Spangler's, are open to the investigation of the board of auditors, and if he has done any wrong we shall not screen him for it, or try to divert the minds of the people from his errors by making a louder howl about Spangler. But we must say we believe Mr. Gregg is all right—that he has done his duty honestly. He may have erred in some things—and who has not?—but he intended to do his duty. Now we would like to ask the *Watchman* if it can say as much for Spangler. Does it believe that it was all a mistake on his part, that there was no attempt to defraud the county in charging over six hundred dollars for removing fish baskets, or in charging for more days board than his prisoners were in jail? What do you think, Mr. *Watchman?*

Rev. Horatio H. Hewitt.

The Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*, of Saturday, gives the following account of the funeral, at Sunbury, of Rev. Horatio H. Hewitt, of this place:

The Rev. Horatio H. Hewitt, who died on Saturday last at the house of his son-in-law, Mr. Eben W. Greenough, in Sunbury, was buried on Tuesday afternoon. The little church on the river bank, of which he had been rector for six years, was crowded. The body, covered with a purple pall bearing a cross of red and white, rested near the altar; and, after the celebration of the Eucharist, the funeral services were conducted by the rector, the Rev. Henry A. Skinner, assisted in the lesson by the Rev. Dr. Hopkins, of Williamsport. At the close of the services in the church, the body was borne by priests of the church to the hearse, and thence to the grave. After a brief service of blessing the grave, the rector concluded the burial, the committal being uttered in a voice of touching emotion by the Rev. John Hewitt, of Bellefonte, oldest son of the deceased, and his young son, with his father's hands resting upon his shoulders, cast the light earth upon the body of his grandfather, at the words, "Earth to earth." A hymn, "Abide With Me," was sung while the filling of the grave went on, and the rector never left the ground until the mound was shaped, and he had laid upon it the flowers brought for the purpose.

—A number of the young ladies in town are trying their hands at painting, and some of them have developed considerable talent in that line.—*Huntingdon Globe.*

A number of Bellefonte young ladies have been trying their hands at painting for several years, and as a result, in nine cases out of ten, their skins are about the same complexion as a sugar-cured ham and as pliable as an old buckskin mitten. Perhaps, though, this is not the same sort of painting the *Globe* alludes to.

—The Presbyterian Mite Society have held three meetings, and collected forty dollars. We understand that they propose to carpet the church when they have funds enough.

—Several figures of the West Ward "Statuary" were out Saturday afternoon occupying their old positions.

Personal Mention.

Mrs. Chas. McCafferty left here last week on a brief visit to Philadelphia.

Mrs. Harvey, wife of Judge Harvey, of Lock Haven, is visiting her sister in this place, Mrs. Jno. H. Orvis.

Miss Sallie Keller, of Boalsburg, spent several days in town last week visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Campbell Frasier, of New York city, are visiting in Bellefonte, the guests of Mrs. Liza Curtin.

Mrs. Margaret Wilson departed Tuesday for Florida, with others, expecting to be absent till the latter part of May.

Charley Barrett, having been granted a brief vacation, is spending a few days in Wilkesbarre, his old home.

Mr. Donald McDonald, of the Park Hotel, Williamsport, was in town last week calling on his brother landlords.

Mrs. Johnson, of Chester, who has been spending the winter with her niece, Mrs. Harry K. Hicks, leaves for her home yesterday.

Leonard Rhone, Esq., attended the meeting of the Lycoming Pomona Grange last week at Elimsport, and assisted in the installation exercises.

Mr. J. B. Kingsley, formerly manager of the Singer sewing machine agency in this place, is now filling a similar position in Germantown.

Mr. Jenkins will shortly take possession of his new residence on Linn street. Mechanics have been at work for the past week or two adding the finishing touches.

D. H. Hastings, Esq., was in Lock Haven last week attending the audit on the recent sheriff's sale of the Mill Hall furnace. Mr. Hastings is counsel for Austin Curtin & Co.

J. L. Spangler, Esq., drives out Linn street quite frequently of late. What the attraction is nobody seems to know. Perhaps he contemplates "doubling up" and is looking for a building lot.

Mr. Beales Sturdevant, who had been spending several weeks with his uncle in this place, Mr. E. M. Sturdevant, returned recently to his home in New York State, leaving with him many pleasing recollections of his sojourn in the Centre county metropolis.

Meteorological.

Abstract of the Pennsylvania State College meteorological record for February.

Lowest temperature at 6 a. m., February 18, 15°.

Lowest temperature at noon, February 4, 20°.

Coldest day, February 4.

Average temperature, 35°.

Highest barometer, February 18, 29.44.

Lowest barometer, February 21, 28.24.

Average barometer, 28.91.

Clear days, 13.

Stormy days, 9.

Depth of snow-fall on February 4, 8 inches.

Rain-fall, storm of February 21, 1 41-100 inches.

Good sleighing, February 1 to 7 inclusive.

—A Pittston man was seriously injured by stepping into a hole in a rotten sidewalk in that place, and it cost the town $828 to settle the damages. Bellefonte is liable to meet with the same experience so long as the man-traps and rickety sidewalks on some of our streets are allowed to exist. Wouldn't it be a good plan to attend to this matter immediately and have everything in a secure condition before the advent of summer.

—We copy the following from the Osceola *Recille*:

[redacted]

—A few tender young ladies were seen on the street with parasols one of the pleasant days of last week. This is certainly too outrageously utter. Young ladies who are unable to bear the heat of a March sun must be in a precarious condition, and should be put to bed.

—The present month cannot March on too rapidly to suit us. Having been commanded by the great medicine man to remain in the invalid's docks until the arrival of spring's soft breezes we are naturally eager to hasten the coming of "Gentle Annie."

—Ex-Sheriff Spangler charged board for more days than his prisoners were in jail, and the *Watchman* calls this overdrawing and compares it to a man's overdrawing his salary. But the tax payers will not take that view of the matter.

—No marriage ceremony is allowed to be performed in an Episcopal church between now and Easter.

—Would it not be a good idea for property holders, off the business streets, to plant trees in front of their homes where none are now growing? Such improvements cost little while they prove a source of comfort to the public as well as enhance the value of property as they increase in size and shading facilities.—*Williamsport Gazette and Bulletin.*

We commend the above to those of our citizens whose premises are unprovided with shade trees. A row of stately shade trees increases the value of a property 25 per cent. Shade is an indispensable article during the warm months of summer.

—The *Star of Hope* propounds the following: "Reform work—what is it." We can answer that easy; it is this. When you are nominated for an office in the state, county or borough, where your party have a majority and are beaten at the polls, start a reform party at once; then you are engaged in reform work. Or, in other words, if you are disappointed in obtaining an office from the dear people, immediately start out in the reform business. We refer this matter to the Bellefonte reform committee of forty.

—We have several letters upon the commissioners' report that the authors have failed to put their names to. All such letters we can do but one thing with, and that is to lay them one side. Correspondents who write for a paper should always affix their names to the letter, not for publication but as a guarantee of good faith. A man should never write a letter which he is ashamed to endorse by giving his name in confidence to the editor.

—The Millheim *Journal* is informed that Zion will build two new churches next summer. It is high time the church-going people of this pretty village were moving in this direction, as its present church edifices are beginning to wear a very ancient look. The same may also be said of other towns in the county.

—The Franklin *Repository* gets off the following: The ten plagues of a newspaper office are bores, poets, cranks, rats, cockroaches, typographical errors, exchange fiends, book canvassers, delinquent subscribers and the man who always knows how to run the paper better than the editor himself.

—Postal cards are being sent all over the country warning people against buying second hand school books, alleging that there is danger of spreading small pox. It is thought to be a trick of the publishers or agents of certain books to increase their sales.

—One of our exchanges heads a local, "Beautiful Calves." We have not read it, never do read such things; got too old for that. But we cannot help thinking that editor might have been in better business than watching street crossings in bad weather.

—If dogs were taxable property in Bellefonte the revenue derived from the Linn street kennels would foot up to something big. Every other house has its canine protector—or rather, disturber of the peace.

—The day for visiting the ash heap in the back yard, armed with pick and shovel, rapidly approaches, for seeding time draweth nigh, and the man who wants early peas must be up and scratching.

—Dickens' motto for March 2: "Everybody knows what easy things to undertake to control women are."—*Nicholas Nickleby*

MARRIED.

WYNN—HARTSOCK.—February 22 1882 in Centre county, Pa at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. U Conley, Mr. Coleman Wynn and Miss Allie Hartsock.

WILSON—MOATS.—At the residence of the bride's parents, Centre county, Pa., March 1, 1882, by Rev. U Conley, Mr John W Wilson and Miss Clara Moats.

MOORE—RUMBARGER.—At the residence of the bride's parents, in Centre county, March 2, by Rev. U Conley, assisted by Rev S. Stahl, Mr. John P. Moore and Miss Lydia S. Rumbarger.

The Markets.

BELLEFONTE, March 7, 1882.

Wheat, old	$1 25
" new	1 25
Rye per bushel	80
Corn, ear	75
Corn, shelled, old	75
Oats	50
Cloverseed	5 50@6 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	7 00
Flour, wholesale	6 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	9 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$
Nova Scotia ground, per ton	

Provision Market.

Corrected daily by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	16
Beans per quart	10
Fresh butter per pound	30
Chickens per pound	5
Cheese per pound	20
Country hams per pound	11
Hams, sugar cured	17
Bacon	14
Lard per pound	10
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes per bushel, new	1 20
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	35@50
Dried sweet corn per pound	10